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MEETING

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT BOARD

SUSTAINABILITY AND MARKET DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

JOE SERNA, JR., CALEPA BUILDING

1001 I STREET

2ND FLOOR

COASTAL HEARING ROOM

SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 9, 2004

9:30 A.M.

JAMES F. PETERS, CSR, RPR CERTIFIED SHORTHAND REPORTER LICENSE NUMBER 10063

ii

APPEARANCES

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

- Mr. Michael Paparian, Chairperson
- Ms. Rosario Marin
- Ms. Rosalie Mul

STAFF

- Mr. Mark Leary, Executive Director
- Ms. Julie Nauman, Chief Deputy Director
- Ms. Marie Carter, Chief Counsel
- Mr. Pat Schiavo, Deputy Director
- Ms. Patty Wohl, Deputy Director
- Mr. Jerry Berumen
- Ms. Rebecca Brown
- Ms. Deborah Borzelleri, Staff Counsel
- Ms. Nancy Carr
- Mr. Bob Conheim, Staff Counsel
- Ms. Kaoru Cruz, Supervisor, Office of Local Assistance, South Section
- Mr. Mike Leaon, Supervisor, Plastic Recycling Technologies
- Mr. Zane Poulson
- Mr. Chris Schmidle
- Ms. Jill Simmons
- Mr. John Smith, Branch Manger, Recycling Business Assistance
- Mr. Steve Sorelle, Supervisor, Office of Local Assistance, North Section

iii

APPEARANCES CONTINUED

STAFF

 $\operatorname{Mr.}$ John Smith, Branch Manager, Recycling Business Assistance

Ms. Melissa Vargas

Ms. Sarah Weimer

ALSO PRESENT

Mr. Richard Anthony, California Resource Recovery Association

Mr. Curtis Aaron, City of Fontana

Mr. Gary Liss, Gary Liss & Associates

Ms. Heidi Whitman, City of Ojai

iv

INDEX	PAGE
Roll Call And Declaration Of Quorum	1
A. Waste Prevention And Market Development Deputy Director's Report	4
B. Consideration Of Declaration Pursuant To Public Resources Code Section 42476(f)(4) In Compliance With The Electronic Waste Recycling Act Of 2003 (As Amended) That The State Is A Market Participant In The Business Of The Recycling Of Covered Electronic Waste (December Board Item 1) Motion Vote	6 9 10
<pre>C. Consideration Of Awards For The Reuse Assistance Grants Program FY 2004/2005 (December Board Item 2) Motion Vote</pre>	10 18 20
D. Discussion And Request For Rulemaking Direction On Noticing Revisions To The Recycling Market Development Zone (RMDZ) Loan Regulations, To Allow Thuse Of RMDZ Loan Funds To Leverage Private, Non-profi Or Government Loan Funds And Make Technical Revisions To RMDZ Loan Regulations, For An Additional 15-Day Comment Period (December Board Item)	
E. Consideration Of Requests To Take No Further Enforcement Action For The 1997 Through 1999, 2000 And 2001 Rigid Plastic Packaging Container (RPPC) Compliance Certification Based On Company Size And/Or Volume Of Sales, Impacts On The Waste Stream, Or Other Issues For The Following Product Manufacturers: (1) Americlean, Inc.; (2) Chemence, Incorporated; (3) Duraclean International, Inc.; (4) Fitzgerald's Restoration Products, Inc.; (5) Pure Power Lubricants; (6) Truck-Lite Co., Inc (December Board Item 4) Motion	26 29
Vote	29

	V
INDEX CONTINUED	PAGE
F. Consideration Of Protocol For Conducting Annual Compliance Certification(s) Under California`s Rigid Plastic Packaging Container (RPPC) Law (December Board Item 5) Motion Vote	29 41 41
G. Presentation and Discussion Of Highlights Of The International Dialog And Zero Waste Conferences Held In Conjunction With The 2004 National Recycling Congress (December Board Item 6)	42
H. Diversion, Planning And Local Assistance Deputy Director's Report	78
I. Status Report Of The Large Venues And Events Waste Diversion Program (December Board Item 7)	79
J. Consideration Of The 2001/2002 Biennial Review Findings For The Source Reduction And Recycling Element And Household Hazardous Waste Element For The Following Jurisdictions (First Of Three Items): Riverside County: Cathedral City (December Board Item 8) Motion Vote	108 109 110
K. Consideration Of The 2001/2002 Biennial Review Findings For The Source Reduction And Recycling Element And Household Hazardous Waste Element For The Following Jurisdictions (Second Of Three Items): Inyo County: Inyo Regional Waste Management Authority; Mendocino County: Willits (December Board Item 9) Motion Vote	108 111 111
L. Consideration Of The 2001/2002 Biennial Review Findings For The Source Reduction And Recycling Element And Household Hazardous Waste Element For The Following Jurisdictions (Third Of Three Items): Plumas County: Plumas Unincorporated; San Joaquin County: Manteca; Santa Barbara County: Buellton: Manteca (December Board Item 10)	108

PETERS SHORTHAND REPORTING CORPORATION (916) 362-2345

111

111

Motion

Vote

vi

INDEX CONTINUED

	PAGE
M. Consideration Of A Request To Change The Base Year To 2000 For The Previously Approved Source Reduction And Recycling Element; And Consideration Of The 2001/2002 Biennial Review Findings For The Source Reduction And Recycling Element And Household Hazardous Waste Element For The City Of Fontana, San Bernardino County (December Board Item 11) Motion Vote	111 115 115
N. Consideration Of A Request To Change The Base Year To 2000 For The Previously Approved Source Reduction And Recycling Element For The City of Ojai, Ventura County (December Board Item 12) Motion Vote	115 121 121
O. Consideration Of The Application For A SB1066 Time Extension By The City Of Ojai, Ventura County (December Board Item 13) Motion Vote	115 121 121
P. Consideration Of A Second SB1066 Time Extension Application By The Following Jurisdictions: Mission Viejo And Tustin, Orange County; San Diego, San Diego County (December Board Item 14) Motion Vote	121 128 128
Q. Consideration Of The 2001/2002 Biennial Review Findings For The Source Reduction And Recycling Element And Household Hazardous Waste Element For The City Of Trinidad, Humboldt, County (December Board Item 15) Motion Vote	128 130 130
R. Discussion Of The Desert Sands Unified School District's Environmental Ambassador Program (December Board Item 16)	101

vii

INDEX CONTINUED

S. Oral Presentation Regarding The Study To Update Statewide Waste Characterization Of Disposed Waste, Including Rigid Plastic Packaging Containers And Used Oil Containers (FY 2002- 03 Contract Concept 18) -- (December Board Item 17) 86

Public Comment 131

Reporter's Certificate 132

PROCEEDINGS

2	CHAIRPERSON	PAPARIAN:	Welcome,	everybody.	This

- 3 is the Sustainability and Market Development Committee.
- 4 For our 2 members of the public that I see in the audience
- 5 this moment, there are speaker slips in the back of the
- 6 room, but you already know that, if you want to speak on
- 7 any item.

1

- 8 Why don't we start with a roll call.
- 9 SECRETARY KUMPULAINIEN: Marin?
- 10 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Present.
- 11 SECRETARY KUMPULAINIEN: Mulé?
- 12 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Here.
- 13 SECRETARY KUMPULAINIEN: Paparian?
- 14 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Here.
- 15 And then ex partes.
- Board Member Mulé?
- 17 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: I'm up to date.
- 18 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: And so am I.
- 19 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: And I -- I guess it's okay
- 20 to report these here. I have 2 Gregory Canyon ones, Eddy
- 21 Timura letter and Dan Perkins a letter, but I think we're
- 22 reporting those elsewhere as well. And then just for the
- 23 record, I also spoke with Michael Blumenthal and Ed
- 24 Manning of the Rubber Manufacturers Association after
- 25 their items came up at the Special Waste Committee

- 1 yesterday.
- 2 Before we get started, I wanted to take a moment
- 3 and -- Patty, you might want to jump in on this too --
- 4 we've been talking about the RMDZ program a little bit.
- 5 And our desire to really kind of get into the details of
- 6 the program somewhat and talk about what we can do in the
- 7 future to enhance the program, make it even better than it
- 8 is.
- 9 And in that regard, we're talking about having a
- 10 couple 2 or 3 workshops in the early part of the year as
- 11 part of the Committee meeting, perhaps just agenda items
- 12 on the Committee meeting. One, where we would bring in
- 13 the RMDZ administrators to talk about their program and
- 14 perhaps some of the specific companies that benefited from
- 15 the programs, and tell us their stories.
- And then I was thinking it might be interesting
- 17 to bring in some of the other funders and business groups
- 18 who we might be able to partner with to further enhance
- 19 the program, folks like, you know, the Chamber of
- 20 Commerce, the Pollution Control Financing Authority, some
- 21 others who we haven't traditionally seen before our board,
- 22 but who I think might be able to help us enhance the
- 23 program.
- 24 So that's kind of what we're thinking about. And
- 25 Patty and her staff are working on some of the thoughts

- 1 and, you know, probably February I would guess might be
- 2 the --
- 3 DEPUTY DIRECTOR WOHL: Yeah, probably the first
- 4 one we could bring would be in February. And we had
- 5 talked about trying to highlight a business and maybe
- 6 showing how staff worked with that business, how the ZAs
- 7 worked with that business, and then what we did for the
- 8 actual business, have them tell you. So kind of get that
- 9 perspective what each of our roles is in helping that
- 10 business.
- 11 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: And then the other thing I
- 12 wanted to mention on RMDZs, this came up yesterday -- and
- 13 it will be in an item before the full board next week --
- 14 there's -- when we give out grants in other programs,
- 15 there's sometimes nexus to the RMDZs, the tire product
- 16 commercialization grants had given some preference to
- 17 the -- for those business located in an RMDZ. There was
- 18 talk about taking that out of the scoring criteria.
- 19 I talked to the Committee yesterday about, you
- 20 know, the need to assure that RMDZs are benefited in all
- 21 of our programs. And the Committee agreed to put that
- 22 back in. So what we'll see next week in the Board meeting
- 23 is a revised item that includes some extra points possible
- 24 for those businesses that locate in an RMDZ.
- 25 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: I'm glad you raised that

- 1 point, Mr. Chairman, because I feel very strongly about
- 2 this. We either support this program and really want them
- 3 to succeed and provide all the efforts that they need and,
- 4 you know, taking that scoring criteria points out of it
- 5 didn't make any sense to me.
- 6 So I'm glad you spoke up. I feel the same way.
- 7 And I'm glad that the Committee saw the wisdom of your
- 8 thoughts and put it to action. I think that this sends a
- 9 very clear message again to everybody that RMDZ is
- 10 important to all of us, and those businesses will be given
- 11 the credits and, what would you call it, the incentives,
- 12 if you will, to continue to do a great job. So I'm glad
- 13 you did that.
- 14 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Thank you. Then I'll just
- 15 repeat what I said a minute ago, I know several people
- 16 have joined us in the last few minutes. If you want to
- 17 speak on a particular item, there are speaker slips in the
- 18 back of the room. Fill one out and give it to Ms.
- 19 Kumpulainien here in the front of the room and she'll make
- 20 sure we get those.
- 21 Anything else before we get started?
- 22 Okay.
- Ms. Wohl.
- 24 DEPUTY DIRECTOR WOHL: Patty Wohl, Waste
- 25 Prevention and Market development. Good morning, Chair

- 1 Paparian and committee members.
- 2 I'll give a brief report. I wanted to start by
- 3 updating you on E-waste. Staff along with toxics' staff
- 4 has been providing the training workshops for the E-waste
- 5 collectors and recyclers. And we've done one in
- 6 Sacramento, Berkeley, San Diego and Glendale. And I think
- 7 we plan to go north next week.
- 8 Nearly 300 businesses and local government
- 9 representatives attended the workshops. We've had a huge
- 10 turnout. We've covered, you know, the electronic device
- 11 handling, the management standards, as well as the
- 12 electronic waste recycling act, the payment system part
- 13 that they're interested in.
- 14 The Board of Equalization has also posted their
- 15 registration information and forms on their web site for
- 16 retailers that will be collecting the E-waste recycling
- 17 fee, beginning January 1st. And their projections
- 18 indicate approximately 75,000 to 80,000 will ultimately be
- 19 subject to the fee.
- 20 And then finally I'm happy to announce that the
- 21 new waste board Erecycle.org has gone live. So this site
- 22 provides consumers, retailers, manufacturers and recyclers
- 23 alike with a simple first stop portal into California
- 24 E-waste management opportunities and the regulations.
- We've posted sample point-of-purchase materials

- 1 on this site for retailers to use, so if they want to see
- 2 what a sample looks like. Sponsorships and partnerships
- 3 for the site are being coordinated through OPA, and
- 4 involves such major product manufacturers as IBM and
- 5 Panasonic, so we're getting some good support with that.
- 6 Then I'd just like to close by mentioning that
- 7 the Board -- and we'd like to award it to the Board --
- 8 received -- although we applied for a GILA award
- 9 ourselves. We did not get this. But this is sort of our
- 10 recognition award that they wanted to give us, because of
- 11 our work on the low-emitting materials project initiative
- 12 and then how that led to the Carpet and Rug Institute
- 13 coming up with a green label plus program.
- 14 So it was kind of a neat little reminder that
- 15 that project that we did, you know it had a little bit of
- 16 controversy around it when it started, but it really has
- 17 been looked at as kind of a state-of-the-art and has led
- 18 to some big industry change. So the Governor wanted to
- 19 acknowledge the Board for their effort in that. So we can
- 20 put that where we pit our awards.
- 21 So that concludes my report. If there's no
- 22 questions, then we'll move into the first agenda item,
- 23 which is B or Item 1 in your board book.
- 24 Consideration of the declaration of pursuant to
- 25 Public Resources Code Section 42476(f)(4) in compliance

- 1 with the Electronic Waste Recycling Act of 2003 as
- 2 amended, that the State is a market participant in the
- 3 business of recycling of covered electronic waste.
- 4 And Robert Conheim will present.
- 5 STAFF COUNSEL CONHEIM: Good morning, Chair
- 6 Paparian, Chair Marin and Ms. Mulé.
- 7 Good morning, I'm Bob Conheim from the legal
- 8 staff. And it's my job this morning to present a small
- 9 item of statutory conformity for the E-waste program. In
- 10 SB 50, the bill that made mid-course corrections and
- 11 changes to the electronic waste recycling law, we asked
- 12 the author to add a provision that would authorize the
- 13 State to limit the participation of recyclers to in-state
- 14 recyclers. And that affects interstate commerce. And as
- 15 you know, based on the U.S. Constitution, there are only
- 16 limited circumstances under which a State with its
- 17 authority can limit the free flow of interstate commerce.
- 18 And one of them is the circumstance in which the
- 19 State acts as a quote, "market participant" unquote. And
- 20 that is where it engages in the particular business. It
- 21 can't abrogate interstate commerce by regulating, but it
- 22 can participate in the business. And because of the major
- 23 funding that the electronic waste recycling law does, it's
- 24 a perfect match for the State declaring itself a market
- 25 participant, and organizing the E-waste program to sustain

- 1 opportunities for recycling for in-state recyclers.
- 2 So what happened was SB 50 was supposed to make
- 3 that declaration and provide that statutory statement.
- 4 But instead, based on the way the drafting came out, it
- 5 did so. It set the standards, but asks the Board to make
- 6 that declaration.
- 7 And so what I've done is prepared a resolution in
- 8 which I ask the Board to just follow the statute and say
- 9 that, it declares itself a market participant for the 3
- 10 reasons that are in the statute; that the fee is collected
- 11 from state consumers for covered electronic devices sold
- 12 for use in the State; that the purpose of the fee and the
- 13 subsequent payments is to prevent damage to the public
- 14 health and the environment from waste generated in the
- 15 state; and that the recycling system funded by the fee
- 16 ensures that economically viable and sustainable markets
- 17 are developed and supported for recovered materials and
- 18 components in order to conserve resources and maximize
- 19 business and employment opportunities within the State.
- 20 So if the Board is willing to make that
- 21 declaration, it will make the technical conformance with
- 22 the statute. And it's one of the last small pieces that's
- 23 necessary to actually implement this brave new world on
- 24 January 1st. And so I'm asking the Board to consider and
- 25 approve Resolution 2004-316.

1 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Good job explaining that

- 2 Professor Conheim.
- 3 (Laughter.)
- 4 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Any questions?
- 5 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Mr. Chair, I just have
- 6 one question. And it just -- I think I know what it
- 7 means, but when it says the statutory provision is not
- 8 self implementing.
- 9 STAFF COUNSEL CONHEIM: Yes, what happened was it
- 10 has language -- we had provided language in the statute
- 11 that simply would have -- the language would have said the
- 12 State is a market participant for the following reasons.
- 13 Instead, the way it appears in the particular statute
- 14 42476 subdivision (f)(4), it says that the State may make
- 15 payments to in-state recyclers if the Board so declares.
- And so there's that one little piece that needs
- 17 to be done. It wasn't our intention to have it appear
- 18 that way, but that's the way it fit into this statutory
- 19 scheme that became SB 50.
- 20 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: That's what I thought.
- 21 And that -- so I have no problems with that, Mr. Chairman,
- 22 if you agree, then I would move adoption.
- 23 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Board Member Marin moves
- 24 adoption of --
- 25 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: -- of 2004-316.

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1 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: I second.
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- 2 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: It's been moved and
- 3 seconded. Secretary call the roll.
- 4 SECRETARY KUMPULAINIEN: Marin?
- 5 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Aye.
- 6 SECRETARY KUMPULAINIEN: Mulé.
- 7 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Aye.
- 8 SECRETARY KUMPULAINIEN: Paparian?
- 9 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Aye.
- 10 Good job. Nice lapel pin.
- 11 STAFF COUNSEL CONHEIM: Thank you. Do I need to
- 12 ask you or do you decide later which items will be on
- 13 consent?
- 14 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Oh, thank you. This goes
- 15 on consent.
- 16 STAFF COUNSEL CONHEIM: Okay, thank you.
- 17 DEPUTY DIRECTOR WOHL: Agenda Item C, Board Item
- 18 2 in your book is consideration of awards for the reuse
- 19 assistance grants program, fiscal year 2004/2005. And
- 20 Sarah Weimer will present.
- 21 MS. WEIMER: Good morning Chair Paparian and
- 22 Committee Members, Sarah Weimer with the Reuse Assistance
- 23 Grants Program of the Waste Prevention Market Development
- 24 Division
- 25 This item is for approval of the fiscal year

- 1 2004/2005 offering of the reuse assistance grants awards.
- 2 Through the 2000/2001 budget process, the Board secured
- 3 \$250,000 annual expenditure authority from the IWMA
- 4 account through BCP number 5 for administering future
- 5 offerings of reuse assistance grants.
- At the May 11th and 12th 2004 meeting, the Board
- 7 approved and adopted the scoring criteria and the process
- 8 for evaluating the fiscal year 2004/2005 offering grant
- 9 applications.
- 10 At the June 15th, 2004 meeting, staff presented
- 11 an overview of the past 5 years of the reuse assistance
- 12 grants program, and the Board reaffirmed its commitment to
- 13 the program and the processes it has followed. Board
- 14 staff solicited applications for the reuse assistance
- 15 grants from August 5th, 2004 through October 29th, 2004.
- 16 A total of 32 applications were received by the
- 17 final filing date of October 29th. Twenty-nine
- 18 applications were deemed complete and eligible for
- 19 application. Nineteen grant proposals met the minimum
- 20 scoring requirement of 75 points in the general review
- 21 criteria. Due to total funds available, staff recommends
- 22 funding 6 applications by, 5 fully and one partially based
- 23 on their passing score and ranking, totaling \$250,000 from
- 24 fiscal year 2004/2005.
- 25 The resolution contains a listing of the

- 1 recommended grant award recipients. The proposed
- 2 recipients are as follows: City of Stockton, City of
- 3 Modesto; City of Chico; El Dorado County; San Mateo
- 4 County; and Riverside County. I am happy to describe the
- 5 projects in more detail if you'd like or answer questions
- 6 you have.
- 7 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: I've got a couple quick
- 8 questions. The Southern California passing applicants,
- 9 most of them didn't make it to the -- there's only one
- 10 that made it to the top list, and they only get partially
- 11 funded.
- 12 Can you -- I mean, without going into detail, I
- 13 don't think you can do that about how you scored them, why
- 14 are the southern California ones tending to be lower?
- 15 MS. WEIMER: In the past in the history of the
- 16 program, the Board has approved the criteria to not
- 17 consider geographic distribution based on the limited
- 18 funding we have. It's such a small program, we only award
- 19 5 or 6 projects each offering. And the proposals are
- 20 based solely on the merit of the project, not on
- 21 geographic location.
- 22 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Right, but is there
- 23 something that southern Californians are doing in the way?
- 24 It's sort of -- when I look at it just on the surface, it
- 25 looks sort of peculiar that the southern California ones

- 1 couldn't quite write the application or come up with the
- 2 project that was as good as some of the northern
- 3 California ones.
- 4 MS. WEIMER: I think it would be difficult to
- 5 make that assessment just looking at the geographic
- 6 locations. Some of them the projects just aren't as
- 7 competitive as other projects. All applications are
- 8 scored based on the Board approved criteria, and then the
- 9 rankings fallout as follows.
- 10 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: And then in the past, have
- 11 we -- when we've done reallocations in the spring time,
- 12 have we looked at reuse assistance grants?
- DEPUTY DIRECTOR WOHL: Yes, we have.
- 14 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: So it's possible that some
- 15 could get funding, if we had money available.
- MS. WEIMER: Because there was -- yes, there is a
- 17 large number, as you can see, with the attachment that
- 18 aren't funded, both north and south. Just because of the
- 19 limited funding, we have available -- we are only able to
- 20 award the top 5 even though there are 19 or so
- 21 applications that receive passing scores and could be
- 22 funded if we'd had more funding available.
- 23 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Board Member Mulé, you had
- 24 a question.
- 25 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Well, I guess I just want

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- 1 to ask the same question a little bit differently. Thank
- 2 you, Mr. Chair.
- 3 I do see that there are several applicants that
- 4 have met the scoring criteria of 75 or above. And so I
- 5 guess the way I'm going to ask the question is how do we
- 6 determine which ones get funded? Is it solely --
- 7 MS. WEIMER: It's solely based on rank, so those
- 8 that rank -- the highest score is funded and then goes
- 9 down through the list until the funds run out. So the
- 10 applicant the very highest of the ranking will be funded
- 11 first, then it goes down sequentially.
- 12 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Thank you.
- DEPUTY DIRECTOR WOHL: Maybe I can just ask
- 14 Sarah, was there any particular criteria you noticed that
- 15 people maybe, in the south, if there was, that they did
- 16 not do as well on a particular criteria?
- MS. WEIMER: Well, the criteria is weighted
- 18 heavily on the need for the project. So if there is a
- 19 project -- just looking across the whole board. If there
- 20 is a project that has a propensity for long-term standing,
- 21 where even with the funds are no longer being distributed
- 22 for the project the funding has ended that the project
- 23 will continue, we have -- the Board has approved the
- 24 criteria that allows more points to be given for a project
- 25 that has a propensity for long-term standing, compared to

- 1 a project that will cease to exist once the funding has
- 2 stopped.
- 3 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Chair Marin?
- 4 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Mr. Chairman, one of the
- 5 things that I was -- you know, I don't every want to come
- 6 in and second guess what the previous board had already
- 7 alluded to. And for them, obviously geographic -- for the
- 8 previous boards at least -- geographic considerations were
- 9 not very important.
- 10 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: I can maybe --
- 11 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Enlighten me on that.
- 12 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Yeah. It actually -- when
- 13 I first came on the Board, there wasn't a geographic
- 14 preference. And we did discuss it and create a geographic
- 15 preference for most of our grants. What happened on this
- 16 one was the feeling was that the amount available was so
- 17 low, that it was awkward to apply because you only get 4
- 18 or 5 passing applicants. It was awkward to apply a
- 19 geographic test when you have such a small pot of money
- 20 and so few recipients.
- 21 But I think that, you know, my experience, since
- 22 I've been on the Board is, that the Board generally is
- 23 very sympathetic towards geographic consideration. And
- 24 its generally been about a 60/40 split.
- 25 MS. WEIMER: It has. This is sort of an anomaly

- 1 year. Generally it has followed --
- 2 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Eighty, twenty.
- 3 MS. WEIMER: Yeah. It generally has been very
- 4 equally distributed, even without considering that.
- 5 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Even the --
- 6 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Yeah. And the other
- 7 grants, the 60/40 is 60 southern California, 40 northern.
- 8 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Actually, it's 80/20,
- 9 but in reality they're only getting \$1,000, Riverside is
- 10 getting a thousand.
- MS. WEIMER: That's just where they're ranked,
- 12 the funding has run out. They requested 50. We would
- 13 have -- since they received a passing score, if we'd more
- 14 funding available, we could have given them the full 50,
- 15 but we just wanted to be able to give them as much as we
- 16 could, with the limited funding we have available.
- 17 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Yeah. So I understand.
- 18 But almost all of it goes to northern California, Mr.
- 19 Chairman. And I think that while not necessarily giving
- 20 it preference, there might be a gentler distribution
- 21 across the state, Mr. Chairman, for other things without
- 22 necessarily scoring them. I mean, they should jump at
- 23 people that all the monies up here, even if it's only
- 24 \$250,000.
- I don't know how you fix that. And it's not for

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- 1 this particular time around, but I think we need to
- 2 somewhere somehow when it is 98 percent going to just the
- 3 northern part of the state, when the vast majority of
- 4 Californians live down south, it's questionable.
- 5 So just food for thought, and maybe when we come
- 6 the next time for criteria, that this is something that we
- 7 would look at.
- 8 In addition to that, I also saw -- and believe
- 9 me, I think Habitat For Humanity is incredibly important
- 10 organization that does exactly what we ask them to do.
- 11 But out of the 5 or 6 rather -- I don't count Riverside,
- 12 because they're getting \$1,100. Out of those 5, I think 3
- 13 of them Habitat For Humanity is a recipient of somewhere
- 14 somehow. I really applaud the efforts of Habitat For
- 15 Humanity, but I don't want to be criticized, if you will,
- 16 Mr. Chairman, that we may be playing favorites for one
- 17 particular organization.
- 18 I'm sure that is not the case. I am sure that
- 19 they did an outstanding job suggesting the need and how
- 20 they're going to fulfill that. But it just -- it also
- 21 seemed to jump at me.
- 22 So just food for thought, Mr. Chairman.
- 23 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Thank you. Back to -- we
- 24 haven't dealt with the next round of scoring criteria,
- 25 have we?

- 1 DEPUTY DIRECTOR WOHL: No, we have not.
- 2 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. So we'll make sure
- 3 to flag this for the next one so we have a discussion of
- 4 whether we want to make some alterations based on north
- 5 south?
- 6 DEPUTY DIRECTOR WOHL: Yes.
- 7 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: I'm willing to move it,
- 8 Mr. Chairman. I don't have any objections to it. I just
- 9 think that I needed to raise those concerns.
- 10 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Yeah. And I think -- I
- 11 mean, just so that there's no mistake, I think we're all
- 12 very supportive of this program.
- 13 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Yes.
- 14 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: You know, but we'll --
- 15 next time on the scoring criteria we'll take a look at it.
- 16 And I think that if we have funds available, this would be
- 17 a very likely possibility for reallocation of when that
- 18 time comes around.
- 19 Did you have another question?
- 20 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: I just want to comment.
- 21 I mean Sarah did mention that this is an anomaly, that
- 22 this is unusual for us to have the majority of recipients
- 23 from northern California. But I also do agree with
- 24 Chairwoman Marin that we really need to take a close look
- 25 when we evaluate these and really, really examine the need

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- 1 for -- I mean, they're all good projects without a doubt,
- 2 but we just might want to just revisit some of these again
- 3 next year.
- 4 Thank you.
- 5 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. So Chair Marin is
- 6 moving Resolution 2004-317.
- 7 I'm sorry. Go ahead.
- 8 CHIEF COUNSEL CARTER: Marie Carter, Legal
- 9 Office. I just wanted to alert you to the resolution and
- 10 on the -- let's see, it's not a numbered page. It's the
- 11 backside of the resolution. And it states, "In the event
- 12 the grant agreement cannot be entered into with proposed
- 13 grantees or if additional funds become available, those
- 14 funds shall be awarded to the next highest ranking
- 15 applicant."
- 16 You might want to strike that, because in this
- 17 resolution, you're saying monies become available later on
- 18 in the year through this grant program, you would
- 19 redistribute possibly based upon geographic split. And if
- 20 that's your intention, it would be wise to eliminate this
- 21 language.
- 22 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. So if we cut that
- 23 sentence, you're suggesting and then just leave it --
- 24 we've cut that sentence, then we still could come back and
- 25 reallocate as we --

- 1 CHIEF COUNSEL CARTER: Yes.
- 2 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: -- as we discussed.
- 3 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Mr. Chairman, we just
- 4 delete the entire section, right, "In the event the grant
- 5 agreement cannot be entered..."
- 6 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: That entire sentence.
- 7 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: We'd just delete that.
- 8 CHIEF COUNSEL CARTER: Yes.
- 9 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay so. Chair Marin is
- 10 moving Resolution 2004-317 revised with the additional
- 11 revision of removing that sentence that we just talked
- 12 about.
- 13 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Second.
- 14 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: It's seconded by Board
- 15 Member Mulé. We'll substitute the previous roll call, and
- 16 this would go on fiscal consensus.
- 17 Thank you.
- MS. WEIMER: Thank you.
- 19 DEPUTY DIRECTOR WOHL: Okay. Agenda Item D is
- 20 discussion and request for rulemaking direction on
- 21 noticing revisions to the Recycling Market Development
- 22 Zone loan regulations to allow the use of RMDZ loan funds
- 23 to leverage private, nonprofit or government loan funds
- 24 and make technical revisions to RMDZ loan regulations for
- 25 an additional 15-day comment period.

- 1 And John Smith will present.
- 2 RECYCLING BUSINESS ASSISTANCE BRANCH MANAGER
- 3 SMITH: Good morning, Chair Paparian and members Marin and
- 4 Mulé. For the record my name is John Smith. I'm manager
- 5 of the recycling business assistance branch.
- In this item we're asking your approval to send
- 7 out the revised RMDZ loan regulations for an additional
- 8 public review period of 15 days.
- 9 A little background. Based on Board direction
- 10 given in September of 2003, staff revised the loan
- 11 regulations. We added a new section which clarified the
- 12 Board's authority to leverage RMDZ loan funds with other
- 13 public and private funding sources so as to maximize the
- 14 funds available to recycling processors and manufacturers
- 15 in RMDZs.
- 16 We also made some technical changes to the
- 17 existing loan regulations section. We sent out the
- 18 revised regulations for a 45-day public review period that
- 19 ended in July. We received comments from the California
- 20 Association of Recycling Market Development Zones. Most
- 21 of their comments pertained to the technical changes in
- 22 the existing section of the regulations. They had one
- 23 minor comment on the new section, which authorized the
- 24 Board to leverage dollars.
- 25 Their comments were primarily aimed at how the

- 1 Board determines who is eligible to apply for a loan, how
- 2 we process loan applications, and which applicants are
- 3 actually given loans.
- 4 We prepared an initial response documentary
- 5 responding to all the association comments and sent that
- 6 document to Steve Lautze, president of the association.
- 7 We discussed those responses in a teleconference with
- 8 Steve. As a result of that conference, we made further
- 9 modifications to the response document as well as the regs
- 10 themselves. We then Emailed him a revised response
- 11 document and left open if he had any comments on that. We
- 12 haven't received any other comments from them on that.
- 13 Once the Committee item was made public on the
- 14 Board's web site, we Emailed the zone administrators
- 15 telling them about the upcoming meeting and we provided an
- 16 electronic link to the item. In addition, we faxed the
- 17 entire item to Mr. Lautze and another zone administrator
- 18 that had requested it.
- 19 As I said, we've made several changes to the
- 20 recommendations based on the association's comments. Two
- 21 of the big items were that we made public entities again
- 22 eligible for RMDZ loans. And we clarified the process for
- 23 selecting applicants in the event that funding becomes
- 24 limited.
- 25 And that process would be we would treat them on

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- 1 a first-come first-served basis. We also clarified for
- 2 the zone administrators in the regulations that leveraging
- 3 is optional for the Board.
- 4 Some of these changes are substantial and will
- 5 require further public notifications as we did with the
- 6 original regulations and a formal review and comment
- 7 period of 15 days.
- 8 So we are recommending that we be allowed to
- 9 submit the revised regs for another 15-day public review
- 10 period. After that public review period ends, it will
- 11 probably be in the January meeting, we then bring the
- 12 entire regulations back to the Committee and the Board for
- 13 consideration.
- I'll be happy to answer any questions you have
- 15 about the regulation package.
- 16 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: I think we do have some
- 17 questions.
- 18 Board Member Marin.
- 19 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Mr. Chair, maybe John
- 20 said it, but I'm concerned about the eligibility criteria,
- 21 wherein we have to take a less -- if it is not adopted, it
- 22 would have to go through the regulatory process and it
- 23 would take up to a year to get that changed.
- 24 RECYCLING BUSINESS ASSISTANCE BRANCH MANAGER
- 25 SMITH: I think so.

1 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: I'm very concerned about

- 2 that. I mean, if we have to do that -- how do we stop
- 3 that? What do we need to do?
- 4 RECYCLING BUSINESS ASSISTANCE BRANCH MANAGER
- 5 SMITH: The CRMDZ recommended that the eligibility
- 6 criteria be named in the regulations. Right now the
- 7 Board, through the existing regulations, has been given
- 8 added flexibility to consider priorities as they come up.
- 9 The document we use is the eligibility criteria. And with
- 10 the eligibility criteria we have workshops on it. We
- 11 involve the zone administrators, and we bring it to
- 12 committee and board, and periodically look at it every 1
- 13 or 2 years.
- 14 The CRMDZ specifically wants that mentioned in
- 15 the regs. And in mentioning that in the regs, you're
- 16 going to end up probably having to provide OAL with a copy
- 17 of that eligibility criteria and you may open the issue of
- 18 maybe these underground regs. So what we've been trying
- 19 to encourage Steve Lautze is that there's a process right
- 20 now that's well controlled, and it's outside that
- 21 regulations process. And the big advantage is that you're
- 22 not going to have to spend 9 months to get your criteria
- 23 changed.
- 24 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Does he understand that?
- 25 I mean do the zone administrators understand that?

- 1 RECYCLING BUSINESS ASSISTANCE BRANCH MANAGER
- 2 SMITH: Right. We've had several conversations with him.
- 3 And we've left -- we did send him again the revised
- 4 response to comments document. We left several phone
- 5 calls with him. So I haven't heard anything, you know,
- 6 whether he was still wanting to do that, but we've made
- 7 attempts.
- 8 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Well, it would seem to
- 9 me that he would withdraw his opposition if he understood
- 10 what this really truly means when he's asking --
- 11 RECYCLING BUSINESS ASSISTANCE BRANCH MANAGER
- 12 SMITH: And Committee Member Marin, we've explained that
- 13 to him. So we'll be glad to explain it to him during this
- 14 additional time.
- 15 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Okay, because it makes
- 16 no sense to me, Mr. Chair, that maybe there's some
- 17 confusion as to what he's attempting to secure versus what
- 18 this will actually end up doing. This will work against
- 19 him.
- 20 RECYCLING BUSINESS ASSISTANCE BRANCH MANAGER
- 21 SMITH: We are very committed to working with him to get
- 22 the changes to the eligibility criteria.
- 23 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Okay, perfect.
- Thank you.
- 25 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. Did you have

- 1 something else on this?
- 2 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: No.
- 3 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. I think we're all
- 4 comfortable with it going out for another 15 days and then
- 5 coming back.
- 6 RECYCLING BUSINESS ASSISTANCE BRANCH MANAGER
- 7 SMITH: In January.
- 8 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: And you're hoping that it
- 9 will come back as the regulations to vote on?
- 10 RECYCLING BUSINESS ASSISTANCE BRANCH MANAGER
- 11 SMITH: You'll have formal regulations to recommend to the
- 12 Board for adoption, yes.
- 13 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay.
- 14 DEPUTY DIRECTOR WOHL: So that would be a
- 15 committee-only item then. It would not go to the Board.
- 16 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Right.
- 17 DEPUTY DIRECTOR WOHL: So Agenda Item E or 4. We
- 18 have a lot of long titles today. Consideration of
- 19 requests to take no further enforcement action for the
- 20 1997 through 1999, 2000 and 2001 Rigid Plastic Packaging
- 21 Container Compliance Certification based on company size
- 22 and/or volume of sales, impacts on the waste stream or
- 23 other issues for the following product manufacturers:
- 24 Americlean Inc.; Chemence Incorporated; Duraclean
- 25 International; Fitzgerald's Restoration Products Inc.;

- 1 Pure Power Lubricants; Truck-Lite Company Inc.
- 2 And Jerry Berumen will present.
- 3 MR. BERUMEN: Good morning, Chairperson Paparian
- 4 and Committee Members. I'm Jerry Berumen with the Board's
- 5 plastic recycling technology section. And I will be
- 6 presenting Board Agenda Item number 4, which is Committee
- 7 Agenda Item letter E.
- 8 Consideration of request to take no further
- 9 enforcement action for the 1997 through 1999, 2000 and
- 10 2001 Rigid Plastic Packaging Container Compliance
- 11 Certification based on company size and/or volume of
- 12 sales, impacts on the waste stream or other issues.
- Board staff and legal counsel agree that the
- 14 following product manufacturers have demonstrated that
- 15 they meet the criteria listed and no further action should
- 16 be taken at this time.
- 17 Duraclean International Incorporated,
- 18 Fitzgerald's Restoration Products incorporated and Pure
- 19 Power Lubricants have demonstrated that they have a de
- 20 minimis impact on California's waste stream. Americlean
- 21 Incorporated has been sold and disbanded.
- The resolution will be amended to reflect Option
- 23 1. Therefore, staff recommends that the Board approve
- 24 Option 1 and adopt Resolution numbers 2004-320, 2004-321,
- 25 2004-322 and 2004-318 as amended.

- 1 Truck-Lite Company Incorporated has demonstrated
- 2 compliance with California's RPPC law. Staff recommends
- 3 that the Board approve Option 2 and adopt Resolution
- 4 number 2004-323.
- 5 Chemence Incorporated has documented
- 6 technological barriers due to the nature of their
- 7 chemicals. The containers are currently at their lightest
- 8 weight and the use of the post-consumer resins could cause
- 9 container failure, which in turn could lead to
- 10 environmental hazards.
- 11 Therefore, staff recommends that the Board
- 12 approve Option 3 and adopt Resolution number 2004-319.
- 13 This concludes my presentation. Thank you for
- 14 your time, and I'll be happy to answer any questions.
- 15 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. Any questions
- 16 before I go into how we're going to vote on these?
- 17 Any questions?
- 18 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: No. Actually, Mr.
- 19 Chairman, I think that, you know, I love saying this. I
- 20 have to give a lot of kudos to staff because I know that
- 21 this has not been easy working with some of these
- 22 companies, and you guys somewhere somehow find -- I know,
- 23 Patty does a lot of juggling to get all of these companies
- 24 to agree to do things that sometimes they don't want to
- 25 do, and to work with them to meet them halfway. I know

- 1 it's not easy, but it got done. And I appreciate the hard
- 2 work of the staff in working with all of these different
- 3 companies to come to agreement as to how we treat them.
- 4 MR. BERUMEN: Thank you.
- 5 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Can we vote on these as a
- 6 package?
- 7 STAFF COUNSEL BORZELLERI: Yes.
- 8 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: So I'm looking for a
- 9 motion on Resolution 2004-318 with the revision that was
- 10 described by staff. And resolutions 2004-319, 320, 321,
- 11 322, and 323.
- 12 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Move for approval.
- 13 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Moved by Board Member Mul
- 14 seconded by Board Member Marin?
- 15 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: (Nods head.)
- 16 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: We'll substitute the
- 17 previous roll call and we can put these on consent?
- 18 STAFF COUNSEL BORZELLERI: Yes.
- 19 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay.
- 20 DEPUTY DIRECTOR WOHL: Moving right along.
- 21 Agenda Item F, consideration of the protocol for
- 22 conducting annual compliance certifications under
- 23 California's Rigid Plastic Packaging Container law.
- 24 And Mike Leaon well present.
- 25 PLASTICS RECYCLING TECHNOLOGY SECTION MANAGER

- 1 LEAON: Thank you, Patty. Good morning, Mr. Chairman and
- 2 committee members. Mike Leaon, Supervisor Plastics
- 3 Recycling Technology Section. I have a brief presentation
- 4 for you this morning regarding a proposed protocol.
- 5 (Thereupon an overhead presentation was
- 6 Presented as follows.)
- 7 PLASTICS RECYCLING TECHNOLOGY SECTION MANAGER
- 8 LEAON: Staff is asking four approval of.
- 9 And I'd like to begin by talking about why is
- 10 this necessary. We're at this point as a result of Senate
- 11 Bill 1729 which repealed the all-container PET rates from
- 12 the law or the requirement that the Board publish those
- 13 rates. The effect of that is the Board is determined to
- 14 conduct annual compliance certifications for the Rigid
- 15 Plastic Packaging Container Program.
- 16 Staff is proposing a protocol that we believe
- 17 will help to effectively carry out future RPPC
- 18 certifications.
- <u>--000--</u>
- 20 PLASTICS RECYCLING TECHNOLOGY SECTION MANAGER
- 21 LEAON: If I can figure out how to work the remote.
- 22 Maybe you can -- there you go.
- Thank you.
- Okay. The elements that are included in the
- 25 protocol are notification. We want to provide advanced

- 1 notice to product manufacturers that they may be included
- 2 in a certification. We want to conduct outreach and
- 3 education to product manufacturers and container
- 4 manufacturers to help them understand the requirements of
- 5 the law and what they need to do in order to comply. We
- 6 also want to identify who is the regulated community and
- 7 who are the regulated product manufacturers that
- 8 potentially could be included in future certification
- 9 cycles. And we also want to conduct certifications in a
- 10 more timely fashion and complete them on a one-year cycle.
- 11 Next slide.
- --o0o--
- 13 PLASTICS RECYCLING TECHNOLOGY SECTION MANAGER
- 14 LEAON: Okay. Beginning with the notice, we're proposing
- 15 that product manufacturers receive notice by July 1st of
- 16 the reporting period that they may be included in the
- 17 certification cycle.
- 18 This will give them plenty of advanced notice in
- 19 order for them to begin preparing for that certification.
- 20 We're recommending that we limit that notice to 100
- 21 companies and we would certify 75 companies out of that
- 22 particular pool.
- It is important to know, however, that
- 24 manufacturers are expected to be in compliance with the
- 25 law at all times regardless of whether they are included

- 1 in a certification cycle or not.
- 2 --00--
- 3 PLASTICS RECYCLING TECHNOLOGY SECTION MANAGER
- 4 LEAON: Regarding outreach and education, we feel that
- 5 it's important to follow up with the regulated community
- 6 to provide them with guidance and assistance in order to
- 7 come into compliance with the law.
- And some of the things we're proposing to do are
- 9 to place ads in trade publications in the hopes of
- 10 reaching a wide audience; provide a link in that ad to the
- 11 Board's web site; and provide specific information on that
- 12 web page about the program and what's a regulated RPPC.
- 13 We'll also be updating our web page to make that
- 14 a more useful tool for the regulated community. And we
- 15 will continue with our monthly interested parties meetings
- 16 that provides a chance for direct meetings with
- 17 stakeholders and to air issues.
- 18 --00o--
- 19 PLASTICS RECYCLING TECHNOLOGY SECTION MANAGER
- 20 LEAON: Continuing with outreach and education, we also
- 21 want to look at what opportunities there are at the
- 22 Recycled Content Product Trade Show to promote the use of
- 23 compliant RPPCs. We'll continue with one-on-one meetings.
- 24 We've been getting quite a bit of phone calls now with
- 25 companies being proactive in contacting us and wanting to

- 1 know what they need to do to comply with the law. And we
- 2 see that as a very positive development.
- 3 We also plan to conduct a workshop next year with
- 4 an eye towards working with product manufacturers and
- 5 their container manufacturers to explain the requirements
- 6 of the law to help them to prepare for demonstrating
- 7 compliance.
- 8 And another key thing that we propose to do is to
- 9 retain a technical consultant using RCP -- or RPPC BCP
- 10 dollars to retain a technical consultant and have them
- 11 available to assist container manufacturers and product
- 12 manufacturers with developing and using compliant
- 13 containers.
- 14 --000--
- 15 PLASTICS RECYCLING TECHNOLOGY SECTION MANAGER
- 16 LEAON: Regarding product manufacturer identification,
- 17 we're proposing to maintain a master list. We've
- 18 certified over 1,500 companies to this point. We want to
- 19 go back and look at that list of companies, purge
- 20 companies that are no longer in business or no longer
- 21 selling product into California or that may have had a de
- 22 minimis impact. We feel that once we do that we'll
- 23 probably have a list of about 600 companies that would be
- 24 in that certification pool.
- 25 And again we're proposing only to certify between

- 1 75 to 100 companies in each certification cycle.
- 2 --00--
- 3 PLASTICS RECYCLING TECHNOLOGY SECTION MANAGER
- 4 LEAON: We do want to prioritize the selection of product
- 5 manufacturers going into a certification. We're proposing
- 6 that we give top priority to companies that were dropped
- 7 from the previous certification for whatever reason.
- 8 Typically, that would be Mergers and acquisitions. And we
- 9 would roll those companies forward. So they would get top
- 10 priority.
- 11 Second priority would be given to newly
- 12 identified companies. Staff routinely conducts store
- 13 surveys. Plus research on the Internet in trade
- 14 publications. We get referrals from other manufacturers.
- 15 We've worked with trade associations in the past. So we
- 16 want to update that list of companies with newly
- 17 identified companies and make sure that we include new
- 18 companies in each certification cycle.
- 19 And finally, previously certified companies, we
- 20 would fill out any additional companies we would need by
- 21 pulling from that master list. However, with one caveat
- 22 that companies that have previously demonstrated
- 23 compliance in a certification cycle would get at least a
- 24 one-year break. They wouldn't be certified back to
- 25 back -- in back-to-back cycles if they were compliant.

1 --000--

- 2 PLASTICS RECYCLING TECHNOLOGY SECTION MANAGER
- 3 LEAON: Our goal is to complete certifications cycles in
- 4 one year. I think the regulating community would
- 5 certainly welcome this so that this process doesn't drag
- 6 out over 2 to 3 years.
- 7 And just summarizing. The timeline, again we'd
- 8 mail the certification package by January 1. That
- 9 certification package would be for the previous calendar
- 10 year. Certifications would be due back to the Board by
- 11 April 1st. And our goal would be to complete that
- 12 certification by the following April of the next year.
- 13 Some of the tasks that would go into that are
- 14 review and following up on the submitted certifications.
- 15 I would anticipate that we'd complete that by September or
- 16 October. Negotiating settlements with any companies that
- 17 may be out of compliance, following that. And where we
- 18 were unsuccessful in negotiating a settlement, we may have
- 19 to conduct public hearings. And that would be done in the
- 20 early part of the following year.
- 21 And I would anticipate that we would complete the
- 22 certification in that schedule for the vast majority of
- 23 companies. And as we do our outreach and education, I
- 24 think we're going to have higher compliance rates. And
- 25 this program, I think, will be moving forward and be

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- 1 conducted in a much more efficient manner.
- 2 That concludes my presentation.
- 3 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Questions?
- 4 Board Member Marin?
- 5 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Mr. Chair, I have a
- 6 couple of questions. Have we received any opposition to
- 7 any of this? I read the staff report. It says here that
- 8 there has been no. -- neither support and/or written
- 9 opposition. Have you heard of -- have you received any
- 10 phone calls? Are we going to get any phone calls?
- 11 PLASTICS RECYCLING TECHNOLOGY SECTION SUPERVISOR
- 12 LEAON: Well, I had one phone call from an industry
- 13 representative who was very much in support of the
- 14 protocol. Especially, our commitment to do outreach and
- 15 education. That was very welcome. But other than that,
- 16 no, we've had no other input on this.
- 17 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Good. In addition, Mr.
- 18 Chairman, I would like to ask, do we currently serve as
- 19 the technical consultants regarding RPPC? Is that our
- 20 role? Is that staff's role?
- 21 PLASTICS RECYCLING TECHNOLOGY SECTION MANAGER
- 22 LEAON: To some degree. You know, of course, we can't put
- 23 ourselves in a position of advising a company and then
- 24 being held accountable against, you know, our own advice
- 25 that we provide.

- 1 But we do work with them on explaining the
- 2 requirements of the law and, you know, what they need to
- 3 do in order to come into compliance. But, you know, we
- 4 can't advise them on decisions that they need to make
- 5 about the types of containers they're going to use or
- 6 things of that nature.
- 7 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Okay. And I know Mark
- 8 is not here, but I was wondering, Mr. Chair, why we would
- 9 need then to retain a technical consultant to do precisely
- 10 what you just said that we should have been doing?
- 11 PLASTICS RECYCLING TECHNOLOGY SECTION MANAGER
- 12 LEAON: Right. Well, I would view that as somewhat
- 13 independent of, you know, reviewing the certification. It
- 14 would be done in advance of the certification being
- 15 submitted. And we have heard from many manufacturers that
- 16 they do have challenges in figuring out how they can
- 17 incorporate post-consumer material into the container and
- 18 still have that container perform the way they want it to.
- 19 So I think our view on this was that this is
- 20 something that could be done prior to a company being
- 21 included in the certification cycle. And that if they
- 22 wanted to avail themselves of assistance that we would
- 23 have the ability to do that without, you know,
- 24 compromising or putting the Board or staff in the
- 25 position -- that difficult position of giving advice that,

- 1 you know, we would have to be held accountable for.
- 2 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Because we would be
- 3 paying this contractor. And maybe, Mr. Chair, if I may, I
- 4 would just like to -- are we requesting action on this
- 5 item? Is there a request for action?
- 6 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: The action is for the
- 7 protocol.
- 8 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Oh, the protocol. Okay,
- 9 then --
- 10 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: And then the question of
- 11 spending money on a technical consultant or some of the
- 12 other items would be a separate BCP would it be?
- 13 PLASTICS RECYCLING TECHNOLOGY SECTION MANAGER
- 14 LEAON: We have a standing BCP for Rigid Plastic Packaging
- 15 Container Program.
- 16 DEPUTY DIRECTOR WOHL: It would come forward
- 17 though in some form, either through the mandatory contract
- 18 processor at the beginning of the year, so you would have
- 19 an opportunity. But I think we hear your concerns.
- 20 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: There's two things, Mr.
- 21 Chairman. I would love to move the item without that
- 22 particular section. I know that it's not part of the
- 23 resolution, but I would have to pose the questions to Mark
- 24 and to our legal counsel to make sure. Because by your
- 25 description, maybe I'm not understanding it correctly.

- 1 You know, we would still be responsible.
- 2 So I would like to discuss that with the
- 3 Executive Director, Mr. Chairman.
- 4 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay, but so --
- 5 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: I have no problem.
- 6 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: But sort of bracketing
- 7 sort of that item which needs Chair Marin would like some
- 8 further discussion on, we can go ahead with this without,
- 9 you know, prejudicing one way or another our future action
- 10 on that. I guess I'm looking for legal counsel's
- 11 STAFF COUNSEL BORZELLERI: Yes, we can do that.
- 12 And it's in the record the reservations that you have. So
- 13 we can have that discussion, and then when a contract
- 14 comes forward or any other discussion, we can do it then.
- 15 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
- 16 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay.
- 17 Board Member Mulé.
- 18 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I
- 19 just want to commend staff for the hard work that they did
- 20 on this. I know that in the past that you've had your
- 21 challenges with this whole RPPC law and the certification
- 22 process. And I think that this is a huge step in the
- 23 right direction in terms of moving forward with this in a
- 24 manner that doesn't burden staff and utilize our precious
- 25 resources and our limited resources in a manner.

- 1 And it seems like you've thought this out and
- 2 you've really worked hard in terms of trying to make the
- 3 process as efficient but as effective as possible. And
- 4 again I just want to go on the record to commend staff for
- 5 the hard work you've done.
- I do, though, want to concur with Chairwoman
- 7 Marin on the technical consultant. I had a little
- 8 question mark by that too. I was just wondering, you
- 9 know, who that might be or how much we're spending on
- 10 that.
- 11 So other than that, I mean, you all have done a
- 12 wonderful job, and I just want to commend you for your
- 13 hard work.
- 14 Thank you.
- 15 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. There's one more
- 16 question, I think. Go ahead.
- 17 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Yes, Mr. Chairman. I
- 18 forgot I had my notes and I went through the end and I
- 19 forgot the first one. The first one was, you know, often
- 20 times we get -- or at least I have received concerns from
- 21 the -- how would I call it -- in-country manufacturers
- 22 versus the concerns for out-of-the-country manufacturers,
- 23 to the degree that we have absolutely no control over
- 24 manufacturers from outside our country.
- 25 And I don't know, Mr. Chairman, that we can

- 1 address that here, but I know that that is a concern that
- 2 is expressed by some people. And I always say well, we
- 3 can only control what we can control, you know. If we
- 4 have no control of overseas manufacturers, we don't have,
- 5 and then you get into trade issues. But that's -- I don't
- 6 know how to address that. And I don't know that this is
- 7 the point, but I get that all the time.
- 8 PLASTICS RECYCLING TECHNOLOGY SECTION MANAGER
- 9 LEAON: Okay. And we can certainly look at that issue. I
- 10 think it was more of a concern in the plastic trash bag
- 11 program than the RPPC program. But certainly the export
- 12 of baled bottles out of the state and availability of
- 13 post-consumer material to comply may be an issue. So
- 14 that's something that we can take a closer look at.
- 15 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- 16 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Mr. Chair, I would like
- 17 to move Resolution 2004-324.
- 18 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Second.
- 19 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. It's been moved and
- 20 seconded. We'll substitute the previous roll call and put
- 21 this on consent.
- 22 PLASTICS RECYCLING TECHNOLOGY SECTION MANAGER
- 23 LEAON: Thank you.
- 24 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. And we have one
- 25 more item, and then my intention is to go through this

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- 1 item and then take a 5-minute break and then go on to the
- 2 DPLA items.
- 3 DEPUTY DIRECTOR WOHL: Okay. I believe Gary is
- 4 in the building, so the next Item G or Board Item 6 in
- 5 your book is a presentation and discussion of highlights
- 6 of the International Dialogue and Zero Waste Conferences
- 7 held in conjunction with the 2004 National Recycling
- 8 Congress. And if you'll remember, we sponsored this
- 9 conference in conjunction with the National Recycling
- 10 Congress. And Mike thought it would be important if we
- 11 kind of just showed you some of the highlights of that
- 12 conference. So Gary Liss is here to present.
- 13 MR. LISS: Thank you. We have a joint
- 14 presentation by Rick Anthony and myself.
- 15 (Thereupon an overhead presentation was
- Presented as follows.)
- MS. LISS: And I'm pleased to be here today and I
- 18 wan to highlight what these events were all about.
- 19 Rick.
- MR. ANTHONY: Board Members, my name is Richard
- 21 Anthony. I'm on the Board of Directors of the California
- 22 Resource Recovery Association. The association for the
- 23 last 30 years has been working with the Waste Board since
- 24 1974 when the Waste Board was started, to deal with
- 25 bringing stakeholders together to talk about public

- 1 policy.
- 2 We were talking to Mike Paparian about this.
- 3 It's been 15 years since 939. And it's the time for, we
- 4 thought, a good critique of integrated waste management
- 5 and also to look at zero waste and see what's out there.
- And with the help of the Waste Board and other
- 7 sponsors, we put together an international event that was
- 8 held in San Francisco and that brought in 250 people --
- 9 almost 250 people involved in the 3-day process, 2 days of
- 10 dialogue on Thursday and Friday and then a workshop on
- 11 Saturday in Oakland.
- 12 There was speakers from government, private
- 13 sector, NGOs and academics. And the presentation, by the
- 14 wonder of computers, are on our web site, all the Power
- 15 Points for the 2 days, which are powerful. And you'll get
- 16 pieces in our presentation today of some of the things we
- 17 learned from the speakers from all over the world.
- 18 --00o--
- 19 MR. ANTHONY: The participants -- let's see the
- 20 next one would be the sponsors. We were asked by the
- 21 Board not to be the only ones sponsoring us. So we went
- 22 out and asked the community, the stakeholders and all
- 23 these people jumped on board. And that was enough to get
- 24 the job done. Gary will talk a little bit about the
- 25 findings.

1	000
2	MR. LISS: One of the things that we wanted to
3	highlight to you is clearly zero waste is being adopted
4	worldwide by communities, businesses. And many businesses
5	have already achieved zero waste or darn close. It's
6	creating millions of jobs. Thousands of businesses in
7	Japan alone have adopted zero emissions as goals. And
8	we're finding zero waste systems are cost competitive.
9	Key to zero waste is producer responsibility with
10	product redesign and clean production. One of the key
11	findings at the conference was that one of the main
12	drivers for most of those involved with zero waste are
13	looking at the alternatives to the human health impacts
14	from traditional incineration and land-filling techniques.
15	And one of the key things that other slides will highlight
16	is that the background levels of the environmental impacts
17	are a significant source of problems with our health.
18	So it's not just the concentration of toxics as
19	we thought in the past, but current studies are showing
20	that even at background levels pollutants are having
21	significant health impacts.
22	We recognize that zero waste needed to focus on
23	resource management not landfills and incinerators.

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--000--

MR. LISS: And we're finding that there's a rapid

24

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- 1 increase in zero waste support worldwide supported by an
- 2 international network here in the United States Grass
- 3 Roots Recycling Network. Internationally, there's a new
- 4 Zero Waste International Alliance. The Global Alliance
- 5 for Incinerator Alternatives is a major player in
- 6 promoting zero waste, so they have a positive message in
- 7 addition to fighting incineration.
- 8 And zero waste initiatives by communities,
- 9 businesses and countries around the world, there's now a
- 10 Zero Waste Israel, Zero Waste South Africa, there's Zero
- 11 Waste Yahoo Groups springing up all over the world.
- 12 ZWIA, the Zero Waste International Alliance now
- 13 has an active web site at www.zwia.org. And it has in its
- 14 first major significant act adopted a new definition of
- 15 zero waste to be clear what zero waste is and is not.
- 16 It also has drafted zero waste business
- 17 principles, based on those already adopted by the Grass
- 18 Roots Recycling Network, and those are pending on the web
- 19 site for review and comment.
- 20 --00o--
- 21 MR. LISS: The definition of zero waste, just to
- 22 highlight, is a goal that are looking at designing and
- 23 managing products to reduce the volume and toxicity of
- 24 waste and materials, conserve and recover all resources
- 25 and not burn or bury them.

1 And in the definition we ask that implementing

- 2 zero waste will eliminate all discharges to land, water or
- 3 air that maybe a threat to planetary, human animal or
- 4 plant health. And in that definition, we recognize that's
- 5 the ideal. GRN has adopted policy that the goal is zero
- 6 waste or darn close. We may not achieve that ideal, but
- 7 we're moving in that direction.
- 8 Rick.
- 9 ---00---
- 10 MR. ANTHONY: This definition was put together by
- 11 an international committee on Email and took about 6
- 12 months to tweak it out. And we're still getting
- 13 corrections now. The bottom line here is that we have a
- 14 Clean Air Act and we have a Clean Water Act and we really
- 15 don't have a Clean Land Act. We have rules about wasting
- 16 and what to do about wasting.
- 17 But we see in the zero-waste system approach a
- 18 way to deal with it. And we have the slide and it talks
- 19 about all of the things that are involved in the closed
- 20 loop. And the first one would be, of course, design for
- 21 the environment.
- --000--
- 23 MR. ANTHONY: Shifting subsidies. This of course
- 24 is tax reform. We've got 1914 laws that allow us to sell
- 25 off our resources way under market price. We also

- 1 subsidize the depletion of our resources.
- 2 So along with designing and redesigning our
- 3 products for the environment, we need to also redesign our
- 4 tax system so that we save our precious resources that we
- 5 use a secondary material. And that involves changing some
- 6 of the rules. And it's time. In California it's been 15
- 7 years since 939.
- 8 Clean production would be part of it. Learning
- 9 how to make your product without having leakage.
- 10 Distribution systems, both getting recyclables
- 11 out to the people and getting them back.
- 12 Empower the consumer to buy recycled. There's a
- 13 product -- the producer is responsible for that product
- 14 with the consumer for taking it back if there's no other
- 15 way, or at least have dismantled processing systems.
- And is that -- and, of course, jobs from
- 17 discards. These are all the elements that are part of a
- 18 zero-waste system's approach. And the ultimate goal would
- 19 be with the jobs.
- 20 And the example of how this works in areas in
- 21 Nova Scotia and Canada -- that would be the next slide.
- --000--
- 23 MR. ANTHONY: -- shows that in cases where it was
- 24 a chicken or the egg or the egg that is we always wait for
- 25 the private sector to go first or the private sector is

- 1 always waiting for the government to set up the rules so
- 2 that everybody has a level playing field. In Nova Scotia
- 3 and Canada they literally picked products where they have
- 4 government industries that have built them up, in terms of
- 5 Nova Scotia, in paint and pharmaceuticals --
- 6 MR. LISS: British Columbia.
- 7 MR. ANTHONY: -- British Columbia is the
- 8 pharmaceuticals. They actually have -- the companies have
- 9 come together and taken producer responsibility to take
- 10 their materials back. And so this is an example of some
- 11 of the laws that we identified. In Asia and Taiwan
- 12 there's over 50 take-back laws on every product that comes
- 13 on that island.
- 14 MR. LISS: I just wanted to highlight that in
- 15 addition, the approach that's been taken in BC is similar
- 16 to what we did in California. We just stopped. They kept
- 17 going. We've got scrap tires. We've got some of these
- 18 beverage containers. We've got used oil. But they kept
- 19 going. And they started initially putting the
- 20 responsibility on government to set up the programs, much
- 21 like California's programs. They evolved into putting the
- 22 responsibility on the brand owners and have product care
- 23 facilities that take back products that are funded by the
- 24 brand owners.
- So there's a whole new system that's put into

- 1 effect. And in fact the product policy project that
- 2 testified at the dialogue suggested that really we need to
- 3 shift more and more the focus so we don't keep the costs
- 4 increasing on local governments. We need to put the focus
- 5 on the brand owners to take the responsibility for their
- 6 products.
- 7 ---00--
- 8 MR. ANTHONY: We're finding out in Europe and
- 9 Asia that they're taking it from the top, that they're
- 10 going to the stakeholders first and they're dealing with
- 11 the toxicity in the system. And they're making them
- 12 redesign their products. Whereas we're sort of taking it
- 13 from the bottom through the grass roots.
- 14 This is -- Gil Friend showed this on a
- 15 sustainability. And this is a typical business zone. The
- 16 gray area being wasted resources and the blue area being
- 17 the product from an industry. So typically 60 -- more
- 18 than 60 percent of what a local business takes in goes out
- 19 in terms of lost product. Zero waste -- yeah, I mean
- 20 that's why when we talk about zero waste, we talk about
- 21 efficiency, that's a number one piece. A quy who's buying
- 22 product on the front door doesn't want to see that going
- 23 out in the waste bins. He wants to see it in the finished
- 24 product.
- 25 ---00---

- 1 MR. ANTHONY: The other piece I think we need to
- 2 talk about is a mistake that we -- I've been doing this
- 3 for 30 years and probably wrote the first versions of the
- 4 solid waste management plans in seventies when I was
- 5 working for an engineering company. We need to look at
- 6 all our materials as market commodities. And they
- 7 basically break into 11 commodities and one -- the 12th
- 8 one, which would be reusable materials. These can be
- 9 first repaired or reused and then they can be recycled at
- 10 the last level. But if we look at these in market
- 11 commodities, we'd see there's always a plus. There's
- 12 always a value for them. And this is the way we have to
- 13 do our sorting and this is the way we have to set up our
- 14 systems.
- MR. LISS: The key to this idea is that you'll
- 16 notice there's no 13th category called other. There is no
- 17 such thing as waste.
- 18 MR. ANTHONY: Or residue.
- 19 MR. LISS: Or residue. There is no such thing as
- 20 waste.
- 21 --000--
- MR. ANTHONY: Now, I've taken this one to Franc
- 23 and Holland and Vermont and nobody's called me in coming
- 24 up with another category that we missed out. So I think
- 25 it's a good deal.

- 1 This is another thing that we've learned and this
- 2 is just in our 30 years of the invention of the electron
- 3 microscope and knowing things in part per trillions. It
- 4 used to be that we had background materials, in terms of
- 5 understanding environmental impacts.
- 6 Today, it's more than that. It's the impact at
- 7 everyday levels. It's the levels they had before
- 8 accustomed to become normal levels are now background
- 9 levels. And what we're finding out that what you eat
- 10 today is passed to your children who's passed to your
- 11 grandchildren and that's where the mutation is going to
- 12 happen.
- 13 And what we're seeing is cases around the world
- 14 of people finding the same kinds of studies that things we
- 15 eat, things that are toxin in the environment are ending
- 16 up in our endocrine system. This of all topics in the
- 17 dialogue is the one that just totally mesmerized the
- 18 audience. I tried to get the speaker off and they told me
- 19 to go away. This is actually true.
- 20 --000--
- 21 MR. LISS: One of the things that zero waste
- 22 clearly is about is focusing on resource management. And
- 23 probably the most powerful presentation -- actually the
- 24 most appreciated presentation was this story of the
- 25 English Cola can. We didn't realize at the time that it's

- 1 actually an excerpt from a book called "Lean Thinking" by
- 2 Womack and Jones. And it was spotted by Didier Toque from
- 3 Paris, France in reading natural capitalism where it's
- 4 referenced by Paul Hawken and Levens.
- 5 It was so poignant that it really hit home the
- 6 whole issue of what we're doing with resources. And it's
- 7 a case study of the complexity of industry.
- 8 --000--
- 9 MR. LISS: And one of the things that it
- 10 highlights is that the coke can that we drink out of
- 11 starts with Bauxite that's mind in Australia, trucked to a
- 12 chemical reduction mill where a half-hour process purifies
- 13 each ton of Bauxite into a half ton of aluminum oxide.
- 14 When enough of that is stockpiled, it's loaded on a giant
- 15 ore carrier and sent to Sweden or Norway where
- 16 hydroelectric dams provide cheap electricity. After a
- 17 month long journey across 2 oceans, it usually sits at the
- 18 smelter for as long as 2 months.
- --o0o--
- 20 MR. LISS: The smelter takes 2 hours to turn each
- 21 half ton of aluminum oxide into a quarter ton of aluminum
- 22 metal in ingots 10 meters long. These are cured for 2
- 23 weeks before being shipped to roller mills in Sweden or
- 24 Germany. There each ingot is heated to nearly 900 degrees
- 25 Fahrenheit and rolled out to a thickness of an eighth of

- 1 an inch. The resulting sheets are wrapped in ten-ton
- 2 coils, transported to a warehouse and then to a cold
- 3 rolling mill in the same or another country, where they
- 4 are rolled tenfold thinner ready for fabrication. The
- 5 aluminum is then sent to England.
- --000--
- 7 MR. LISS: Again this is an English Cola can that
- 8 we're talking about.
- 9 In England the sheets are punched and formed into
- 10 cans, which are then washed, dried, painted with a base
- 11 coat, and then painted again with specific product
- 12 information. The cans are next lacquered, flanged,
- 13 sprayed inside with a protective coating to prevent the
- 14 cola from corroding the can and inspected. The cans are
- 15 palletized, forklifted and warehoused until needed. They
- 16 are then shipped to the bottler where they are washed and
- 17 cleaned once more.
- --o0o--
- 19 MR. LISS: Then filled with water mixed with
- 20 flavored syrup, phosphorus, caffeine, and carbon dioxide
- 21 gas. The sugar is harvested from beet fields in France
- 22 and undergoes trucking, milling, refining and shipping.
- 23 The phosphorus comes from Idaho, where it is excavated
- 24 from deep open pit mines, a process that also unearths
- 25 cadmium and radioactive thorium. Round-the-clock, the

- 1 mining company uses the same amount of electricity as a
- 2 city of a hundred thousand people in order to reduce the
- 3 phosphate to food grade-quality. The Caffeine is shipped
- 4 from a chemical manufacturer to the syrup manufacturer in
- 5 England.
- --000--
- 7 MR. LISS: The filled cans are sealed with an
- 8 aluminum "pop-top" lid at the rate of 1,500 cans per
- 9 minute, then inserted into cardboard cartons, printed with
- 10 matching color and promotional schemes. The cartons are
- 11 made of forest pulp that may have originated anywhere from
- 12 Sweden or Siberia to the old-growth, virgin forests of
- 13 British Columbia that are the home of grizzly, wolverines,
- 14 otters, and eagles.
- 15 Palletized again, the cans are shipped to a
- 16 regional distribution warehouse and shortly thereafter to
- 17 a supermarket, where a typical can is purchased within
- 18 three days. The consumer buys 12 ounces of the
- 19 phosphatetinged, caffeine-impregnated, caramel flavored
- 20 sugar water. Drinking the Cola takes a few minutes,
- 21 throwing the can away takes a second.
- This is our society.
- --000--
- 24 MR. ANTHONY: Imagine a French man reading this
- 25 his hands waiving.

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- 1 MR. LISS: So it was incredibly powerful and
- 2 really drove home why resource management is talking about
- 3 efficiency and looking at are there things that we can do
- 4 as a society to do things better.
- 5 To do that many communities are now developing
- 6 plans and programs for zero waste. We heard at the
- 7 international dialog from Candon City Philippines where
- 8 they've achieved over 85 percent diversion. We heard in
- 9 Zero Waste Kovalam India, a typical tourist community like
- 10 many in California that they're working actively towards
- 11 zero waste in partnership with their hotel industry.
- 12 In San Luis Obispo, in San Francisco we heard
- 13 examples from California highlighting communities working
- 14 actively towards zero waste.
- Nelson British Columbia provided a good example
- 16 of a small community of 9,300 in a rural area 9 hours
- 17 outside of British Columbia that recently adopted a zero
- 18 waste plan that it hopes will be a model for others to
- 19 follow real simple, but straight forward and easy
- 20 implement and posted on the GRM web site.
- 21 The Citizens Plan for Zero Waste in New York City
- 22 provided an example of a large community being pushed by
- 23 its citizenry to adopt zero waste. These are different
- 24 views of zero waste around the world, and they were
- 25 highlighted at the presentation.

--000--1 2 MR. LISS: All of this talk highlighted to us things that we would like to see as the Global Recycling 3 Council that the Waste Board think about in terms of next 4 steps for zero waste. And we applaud the leadership that 5 you've shown so far on zero waste and resource management. 6 The Board clearly is a leader not only in this 7 country but the world, and it's recognized as such. Its 8 web site is awesome. You're to be commended for the 9 leadership you're providing. And the inspiration that 10 you're providing to so many others around the world. 11 To continue that leadership we urge to build 12 stronger partnerships with stakeholders; to develop more 13 14 public awareness of the concept of zero waste, and build a better understanding of the opportunities ahead; to do 15 16 training highlighting the successes that many businesses 17 and communities have shown to move forward with zero 18 waste; and to provide funding for local governments, businesses and waste board staff and programs to help 19 20 implement the next generation of zero waste policies and 21 programs. --000--22 MR. LISS: In the area of leadership, you have a 23 great slogan, "Zero Waste, You Make It Happen". Well, 24 25 we're recommending how to make it happen. And one of the

- 1 things that the Global Recycling Council has suggested to
- 2 you and we urge that you do is adopt a challenge.
- 3 For those communities that have adopted and
- 4 achieved 50 percent waste reduction, waste diversion in
- 5 California, ask them to go forward, ask them to adopt your
- 6 zero waste goal. Don't require it, just ask them,
- 7 challenge. Leadership can be a very effective tool just
- 8 by asking people to do things.
- 9 Same with businesses, ask businesses to adopt
- 10 zero waste as a goal, and for both of them to begin
- 11 planning and developing zero waste plans.
- We need to start building the institutional
- 13 process by which these zero waste ideas we've been talking
- 14 about for 7 or 8 years in California actually start
- 15 working through the planning and implementation process in
- 16 a more aggressive way.
- To do that, we urge that you provide more
- 18 technical assistance, training and funding. Focus your
- 19 programs on resource management and developing the
- 20 infrastructure needed to implement zero waste. Develop
- 21 and adopt standards and policies that support zero waste
- 22 as a priority as defined by the Zero Waste International
- 23 Alliance. And support State and federal legislation that
- 24 will help provide that as well.
- 25 ---00---

- 1 MR. LISS: On partnerships, who makes zero waste
- 2 happen as always, like in 939, it's a combination. It's
- 3 not just one group that can provide this. It's all of us
- 4 working together, local governments, businesses, not just
- 5 the service providers, who are tremendously important, but
- 6 also the generators. We need to get the generators more
- 7 engaged and more involved, and we need your leadership to
- 8 help us do that. The manufacturers and market development
- 9 and producer responsibility and the nonprofit
- 10 organizations and the NGOs.
- We need your training. We need you to help
- 12 develop with us training on zero waste. We've been
- 13 talking zero waste, but we really -- we need to start
- 14 doing a boot camp. We need to really get down to the
- 15 details. We found that the 2 days in San Francisco and
- 16 the one in Oakland wasn't enough. There's so much out
- 17 there that people really need to get a lot more
- 18 information about what zero waste means in their
- 19 particular situation.
- 20 And we noted that -- GRC noted that you have
- 21 existing training programs for your enforcement agencies,
- 22 for the RMDZs, for Household Hazardous Waste. But for
- 23 your prime target audience, local governments, there isn't
- 24 a similar comprehensive training program established with
- 25 credentials or certification or any type of cohesive

- 1 long-term training strategy.
- 2 We need to get public and private solid waste and
- 3 recycling coordinators trained. We need elected officials
- 4 to understand the importance and the opportunities that
- 5 are out there if we really embrace zero waste and resource
- 6 management as our goals. And we want to work together to
- 7 help train your staff so everyone in each department of
- 8 your agency understands what you meant by adopting zero
- 9 waste and how it applies to their job.
- 10 Right now you've adopted the goal, but I bet the
- 11 permits and enforcement people may not totally understand
- 12 that, and other people may not totally understand that
- 13 within your own agency. We suggest that you need to
- 14 develop a training program for that.
- To do so we suggest you set up a training
- 16 committee, of Waste Board staff from all the different
- 17 agencies that could be affected zero waste with
- 18 organizations that have been advocating for zero waste and
- 19 resource management like CRRA, the Global Recycling
- 20 Council, the Grass Roots Recycling Network, and the new
- 21 California Resource Management Training Institute chaired
- 22 by former Senate President David Roberti.
- --000--
- MR. LISS: On funding, we talk about lots of
- 25 needs for funding for local governments, businesses and

- 1 Waste Board programs. Often times in today's environment
- 2 we say there isn't any money available. We've got these
- 3 deficits. Well, we're suggesting that we need to look at
- 4 alternative ways of funding. One of the keys that we're
- 5 promoting from Global Recycling Council is increasing a
- 6 state-landfill surcharge.
- 7 In Alameda county they've adopted \$6 a ton by
- 8 citizen referendum. We're encouraging other counties to
- 9 adopt similar countywide landfill surcharges. We ask the
- 10 State to develop landfill surcharges. The Alameda
- 11 surcharge funds the reuse and recycling programs that have
- 12 made Alameda county one of the leading counties in the
- 13 State and the nation in implementing waste reduction
- 14 programs.
- We also suggested through producer responsibility
- 16 programs, we can get more product-specific fees and/or
- 17 total responsibility by the producers. So it's off
- 18 balance sheet. It's not on the State's balance sheet.
- 19 It's not on local government's balance sheet, it's on the
- 20 business balance sheet and they'll pass it through in
- 21 their cost to the consumer. It will be pennies on the
- 22 consumer, and it will be tremendously well supported with
- 23 well thought through programs like they have done in
- 24 British Columbia.
- 25 --000--

- 1 MR. LISS: And a zero waste loan fund to build on
- 2 your successes with the RMDZ. That was great for market
- 3 development. There's many other infrastructure needs for
- 4 zero waste. Let's have a loan fund for all those
- 5 innovations as well.
- --000--
- 7 MR. ANTHONY: So that's what you can do. But let
- 8 me tell that you we're not stopping. My other job is I'm
- 9 on the Board of Directors of the Grass Roots Recycling
- 10 Network, grrn.org.
- 11 Our goal is to actually activate the grass roots
- 12 to make corporations responsible for their products. And
- 13 so GRN had a big workshop, you helped fund it, in Oakland,
- 14 and we came up with a bunch of issues. And key to us,
- 15 number one, is the plastic and packaging issue. It's a
- 16 health issue. It has to do with litter in the
- 17 environment. It also has to do with the fact that animals
- 18 see it as food, and it becomes passed on in the human
- 19 chain and it's a real problem.
- 20 So the PVC for the GRN is a big issue, as a toxic
- 21 for -- especially in pacifiers for children or IVs. And
- 22 along with single use packaging as we're seeing more and
- 23 more evidence of packaging in our waterways causing
- 24 problems with the kelp beds and showing up on our shores.
- 25 The second issue that GRN is tackling is no new

- 1 landfills. We think 30 years of experiment of burying
- 2 stuff in the ground was probably enough. It's probably
- 3 bad. We've got a lot of holes that we're going to have to
- 4 monitor in perpetuity. Let's not have -- no more new
- 5 landfills. Let's start talking about resource management
- 6 and giving these commodities back.
- 7 The other thing that we know that's happened that
- 8 with China and India in the market, the market is here.
- 9 We will not have issues about market volatility anymore,
- 10 except it's going to stay high and go up and down, but
- 11 it's not going to go low. The market is here.
- 12 The Zero Waste Communities Network is a grass
- 13 roots program that we're starting in cities. We recognize
- 14 that this is a local issue. It's a local issue all around
- 15 the world. That's the one thing we found in common. The
- 16 local governments have the responsibility of taking out
- 17 the garbage so to speak, and they have to pay for it.
- So we find that there's a huge movement out
- 19 there, whether they're facility fighters or
- 20 environmentalists who want to come together, go to their
- 21 city councils, be part of their solid waste advisory
- 22 committee and change the SRREs, change the plans to talk
- 23 about zero waste.
- 24 And this -- we have at least three or four going
- 25 already now in just California. And GRN is going to kick

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- 1 it off as a national movement in the next 6 months, and
- 2 we're looking for funding for that.
- 3 The other one is that we've had -- because of
- 4 what's happened in California, other states and other
- 5 groups have come to us and say you have to do the
- 6 training.
- 7 In New York where, you know, there's a big issue
- 8 on how to handle their waste to discards, there was
- 9 actually a waste plan put together by the citizens. GRN
- 10 will go to New York in June and we'll do a 3-day training
- 11 event for New York City.
- 12 We'll do the same thing in Vermont. We're
- 13 talking about working with companies, actually training
- 14 their employees and managers to be able to deal with zero
- 15 waste in their businesses. And this is pretty exciting
- 16 what's going on.
- The other thing is we will producer a reader from
- 18 the international dialogue. It will have the white paper
- 19 plus the presentations, plus a lot of the abstracts that
- 20 didn't get into the 2 days will be part of our appendices.
- 21 So we'll have that.
- 22 And finally, GRN is moving to California, which
- 23 makes me happy. Of course we see California as a leader
- 24 in the zero waste movement and people are ready to make it
- 25 happen.

1 --000--

- 2 MR. ANTHONY: As far as the GRC, the Global
- 3 Recycling Council, is part of the California Resource
- 4 Recovery Association, we have technical councils for
- 5 various specialties, whether you're part of the composting
- 6 industry or the C&D industry. The Global Recycling
- 7 Council is for people like Gary and I who want to push the
- 8 agenda.
- 9 And there's quite a few people who think that way
- 10 in terms of rewriting politics and trying to build that
- 11 political consensus. And so GRC has dedicated ourselves
- 12 to help you promote the zero waste challenge. We are
- 13 going to help San Francisco celebrate the world
- 14 environmental day. We're going to work very hard in
- 15 developing zero waste communities in California. We
- 16 already have a zero waste tool kit that we had funded by
- 17 EPA for rural communities. We'll make that available as
- 18 far as their training. We're one of the innovators and
- 19 creators of the Sustainable Businesses Council.
- 20 What happened to my picture? It didn't come up.
- 21 We had a great picture of 200 people on the Oakland steps
- 22 saying if you're not in favor of zero waste how much waste
- 23 are you for.
- 24 Bottom line, we appreciate the opportunity of
- 25 working with the Waste Board and being able to set up this

- 1 dialogue. We think hundreds of people got exposed to
- 2 this, came to San Francisco, saw the wonderful
- 3 technologies that's been implemented in San Francisco.
- 4 Got a piece of the National Recycling Coalition, and have
- 5 a feeling of what's happening in California, which is the
- 6 leader in resource management today.
- 7 Thank you for your time.
- 8 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: I'm not sure if I put an
- 9 enthusiasm meter over you guys or an enthusiasm meter over
- 10 our chair I'm not sure which meter would be higher.
- 11 MR. LISS: All right.
- 12 Actually, on the steps of the Oakland City Hall
- 13 getting this group picture, we used Mike's phrase he
- 14 introduced in his remarks before the Council. He asked,
- 15 "How much waste are you for" in his presentation. And the
- 16 people in the audience said, "Zero".
- 17 And he said, "I didn't hear that. How much waste
- 18 are you for?" And they said, "Zero".
- 19 And we did that on the steps. Two hundred people
- 20 on the steps there going up to the City Hall of Oakland,
- 21 and I did this chant, "How much waste are you for?" and
- 22 the resounding energy and enthusiasm that came out of that
- 23 is one of those memorable pictures that all of us will
- 24 take with us forever.
- MR. ANTHONY: Everybody is smiling in the

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1 picture. That's what amazing.
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- 2 MR. LISS: Thank you.
- 3 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. Questions,
- 4 comments?
- 5 Chair Marin.
- 6 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Mr. Chair, I can tell
- 7 you, I wasn't there, but I'm as enthusiastic as all of you
- 8 with this wonderful effort -- this worldwide effort. I do
- 9 have a couple of comments, Mr. Chair. First of all, I
- 10 love resource management and I hate waste management. I
- 11 am all for changing the name of our Board, because I don't
- 12 think that's what we do. I think we manage resources. I
- 13 think that's what we do.
- 14 And I had -- I was being interviewed one day by 2
- 15 different organizations, publications, and this particular
- 16 reporter kept asking, you know, in all of this waste and
- 17 all of that. And I said, "You know what, I have to stop
- 18 you, because. I am not in the business of managing waste.
- 19 I am managing resources."
- The reality is that what you may consider waste,
- 21 you know, there is a company that looks at it as raw
- 22 material for their new products. And so -- and the guy
- 23 was like wow.
- 24 So I stopped. And I just felt very proud that --
- 25 I want to talk to everybody that I now do and tell them

- 1 the difference between looking at one thing as waste
- 2 versus looking as the raw material for new products across
- 3 the globe.
- 4 So I really applaud that. You know, I love the
- 5 fact that we don't have a Clean Land Act. I love that,
- 6 you know, because I've been saying that over and over
- 7 again. We have a Clean Water Act, we have a Clean Air
- 8 Act, and yet, you know, the land, which is one of our most
- 9 precious resources, you know, that's what we're in charge
- 10 of.
- 11 When I was appointed by the Governor, and I said
- 12 that at the very beginning, people said so what is the
- 13 Governor -- what did he appoint you to. I said, "Well, he
- 14 pointed me to protect the earth and our environment."
- MR. LISS: Yes.
- 16 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: So I really appreciate
- 17 your work that you guys do. And I espouse the beliefs
- 18 that you share.
- 19 One of the things that I would like to work on is
- 20 more in the single-use packaging. I think that -- and I
- 21 met with some plastic companies, and they were telling me
- 22 how they're doing everything they can so that the material
- 23 that they use in packaging is reused at least once. It's
- 24 that good, so that it doesn't become waste, if you will,
- 25 immediately, in that it needs to be disposed. And I think

- 1 we really need to work with the plastic communities to
- 2 ensure that those packaging materials are good enough to
- 3 be reused over and over again. And I don't know that we
- 4 have the infrastructure yet to have that.
- 5 But many companies, apparently, they received
- 6 whatever products and services in one particular package.
- 7 And those same materials are used, so when they finish
- 8 their product, they reuse it. So, in effect, that
- 9 material is reused already, you know, the first time out.
- 10 So the other thing I would like -- so this is
- 11 where those companies need your help and they need your
- 12 support, more so than even the Board. I think that you
- 13 know how to get that done. So your expertise and maybe
- 14 Mr. Chair we -- I know that Gary is here all the time with
- 15 the plastics people and so forth. But to really further
- 16 or strengthen that relationship instead of being in an
- 17 adversarial position, that it is a complementary position.
- 18 And so I think that we can foster that, Mr. Chair.
- 19 And I do have to tell you this and I don't think
- 20 John is here, but he came with zero waste. I don't know
- 21 if you've heard about his slogan for our board. "Zero
- 22 waste. Thanks for nothing."
- 23 (Laughter.)
- 24 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: So I thought that was
- 25 extremely clever. He's a brilliant person. And so I

- 1 would like to use that, you know, "Thanks for nothing.
- 2 And last but not least -- let me see what was the
- 3 last one I needed to -- I appreciate the fact that you
- 4 guys do not want anymore landfills. I appreciate that. I
- 5 don't know how -- and I think it's a good goal to strive
- 6 for. But we would need your help on the other side, which
- 7 if we're not going to have landfills, we also need to work
- 8 to develop the technologies. And I know that some of you
- 9 may have a problem with conversion technologies. But this
- 10 is where we need your technical assistance, expertise and
- 11 support.
- 12 If we are going to develop -- if we're not going
- 13 to have the landfills, then the instead, you know, really
- 14 necessitates us to come up with something else. And
- 15 while -- believe me, I am really supportive of trying to
- 16 reduce, reuse and recycle. Up until the time that we have
- 17 zero waste, we need to do something else with what is left
- 18 over.
- 19 And I am asking your expertise and to complement
- 20 the efforts so that we move forward with conversion
- 21 technologies. You know, whatever your expertise is out
- 22 there, you know, we're asking for the world. And it's
- 23 okay to try to achieve that. But, you know, we can't be
- 24 against landfills and then be against technologies that
- 25 are going to reduce the need for the landfills.

- 1 So help us with that. And I don't mean to put
- 2 you on the spot, I think I just did, but work with us.
- 3 MR. LISS: If I may, Mike. I have just a brief
- 4 comment on that last comment.
- 5 First of all, no new landfills is about
- 6 conserving what we've got. Recognizing that we've got a
- 7 lot of landfill space. In fact, the crisis of the
- 8 eighties which formed AB 939, and all of the Integrated
- 9 Waste Management Board efforts, was solved. It was a
- 10 crisis of capacity that we thought we were running out of
- 11 landfill space.
- 12 You solved that crisis with the implementation of
- 13 AB 939. So we no longer have a landfill crisis. And with
- 14 the advent of rail haul, we've got a lot more
- 15 opportunities beyond our wildest imagination of the
- 16 eighties.
- 17 So we don't need new landfills. What we need is
- 18 to conserve the landfills we have, regulate them and
- 19 improve them as best as possible. So no new landfills
- 20 isn't stopping landfills completely today, because we are
- 21 pragmatists, believe it or not.
- 22 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: So am I.
- 23 (Laughter.)
- 24 MR. LISS: But it's about how do we conserve and
- 25 make the existing landfills we have the best possible and

- 1 not take new land for new landfills.
- On the conversion technologies, if it hasn't been
- 3 clear in our testimony, the environmental community
- 4 supports new technologies. The only question is which are
- 5 good and which are bad. We favor biological systems
- 6 biochemical systems, not thermochemical systems. High
- 7 temperature systems --
- 8 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Not even thermal
- 9 recycling?
- MR. LISS: Actually, that's one of the gray areas
- 11 that you'll find environmental communities split on. But
- 12 it's a good example the biomass to energy supports our
- 13 composting system in California. And CRRA for a long --
- 14 since 1989 has supported biomass even though it's opposed
- 15 to incineration. So there's all sorts of gray areas,
- 16 which is why you have jobs to help sort those out, but
- 17 what we recommend is biological.
- MR. ANTHONY: My point is I worked for 30 years
- 19 for county government at the end of the pipe trying to
- 20 deal with this stuff. Both Gary and I are on record as
- 21 siting the first 2 double-lined landfills in California in
- 22 19 -- in the late eighties. I have that on my -- I still
- 23 apologize for that now.
- If I had my way, I would go back to the old
- 25 public health system where the government had the

72

- 1 responsibility of collecting the organic material, whether
- 2 it's food, yard waste and paper, and then compost that and
- 3 we have the biggest agricultural area in the world in the
- 4 central valley that needs this stuff, I would develop a
- 5 system for that.
- And I think the problem we have right now is that
- 7 in cities that I work to, that want to get to zero waste,
- 8 one of the impediments is how do you get a full blown
- 9 composting facility on top of your landfill. I'd like to
- 10 work with you on that.
- 11 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Yes. And that's the
- 12 main thing Mr. Mayor --
- 13 (Laughter.)
- 14 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: I just elected you mayor
- 15 of this committee, how's that.
- 16 (Laughter.)
- 17 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Well, we were talking
- 18 about cities, you know.
- 19 The last thing that I want to tell you is how
- 20 excited I get about this particular position that I now
- 21 hold, because when -- I've been at the local and State and
- 22 at the federal level. And oftentimes we deal with issues
- 23 that everybody just basically gives -- you know, throws
- 24 their hands up, like "Oh, well, there's nothing that I can
- 25 do." When you talk about education problems, "Oh, well,

- 1 there's nothing that I can do."
- Oh, health questions, you know, at the national
- 3 level, "Well there's nothing that I can do."
- 4 When I tell people, you know, and where there's
- 5 young children or adults or senior citizens, you know, in
- 6 this particular area, what's so amazing to me and so
- 7 exciting is that here everyone can do something, everyone.
- 8 You know, and you can do something to protect your new
- 9 environment. You can recycle. So I'm excited about that.
- 10 So I just want to tell you, that I tell everyone,
- 11 you are responsible and you can. This is something where
- 12 you really can make a difference in what you do and how
- 13 you handle your resources.
- 14 So I only talk about resources.
- Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- 16 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Thank you.
- Board Member Mulé.
- 18 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I,
- 19 too, want to thank you for the work that you've done with
- 20 zero waste. And we're going to need your help also in
- 21 better defining zero waste, and moving forward with that
- 22 whole agenda. Because what I'm discovering out there is
- 23 that there seems to be confusion as to what is zero waste.
- 24 We've had many discussions here in the office
- 25 internally. Some people think zero waste is not creating

- 1 it in the first place. And I think that -- and as we are
- 2 developing our web site and our own philosophy of what is
- 3 zero waste, I mean we're coming to the conclusion that
- 4 it's managing the resources, really. That's what we're
- 5 about, as Chairwoman Marin says, this is about managing
- 6 resources.
- 7 And I do want to mention publicly that I did
- 8 attend a workshop that Gary and Rick were at the Resource
- 9 Management Institute, their first of many workshops, on
- 10 managing resources. It was, what, October 21st I believe
- 11 down in Los Angeles. And I did speak with Senator
- 12 Roberti, and I do know that they are planning another one
- 13 in the Corona area in February.
- 14 So the exciting thing is that the local
- 15 governments and the local communities are also -- so it's
- 16 coming from the ground up as well, which is so important
- 17 that we have that support from the local communities and
- 18 that they're catching on to this concept as well.
- 19 So, again, thanks for all your work and thanks
- 20 for the presentation today.
- 21 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: And then I want to add a
- 22 few things. I mean, there's a -- somebody could probably
- 23 do a Ph.D. dissertation on the concept of zero. You know,
- 24 I think a lot of companies have started looking at zero in
- 25 various ways. And their first response is always, "Oh, my

75

- 1 gosh. That can never happen." You're just completely
- 2 insane. And then, you know, it works its way into the
- 3 mainstream, and then they actually have a goal and they
- 4 actually work to achieve it.
- 5 I'm thinking of things like zero defects. You
- 6 know I our car industry, you know, when people first
- 7 started talking about zero defects they were like, you
- 8 know, you're just from the moon. But they adopted that
- 9 and they tried to get closer and closer to it. And I can
- 10 tell you my car that I have today with 92,000 miles on it,
- 11 you know, 25 years ago that just didn't happen with
- 12 American cars. And it's happening today and, you know, 0
- 13 lost time on the job and other things like that.
- 14 There were a few things on the presentation -- I
- 15 mean the presentation was just fabulous. Thank you so
- 16 much. And I think, you know, the idea that for a lot of
- 17 companies, you know, having to waste 60 percent of the
- 18 resources coming in the door. You know, I know that the
- 19 companies that have looked at this, you know, the first
- 20 they scratched their head and said, "Oh, my gosh. We
- 21 can't do anything about that. We've always done it that
- 22 way."
- 23 When they really get down to it, they can cut
- 24 that down very substantially. And we've seen some places
- 25 in California. I know RICO one of the people we're giving

76

- 1 an award to in a few weeks has really worked to reduce
- 2 their waste. The Bentley Print Street folks that make
- 3 carpet down in the City of Industry, fabulous job of
- 4 reducing their waste just about to 0. They actually have
- 5 their employees go dumpster diving to make sure that
- 6 there's nothing in there that they could have found some
- 7 use for.
- 8 The training ideas I think we'll need to follow
- 9 up on that both for our staff and to see what we can do to
- 10 encourage some consistency in what recycling coordinates
- 11 around the state have in their background. I know that a
- 12 lot of times in local governments, probably more often
- 13 than not, the poor person who does something else is
- 14 suddenly plucked into the recycling position, and they
- 15 don't know where to start. You know, and maybe there's
- 16 some things we could do to help them.
- 17 GRRN moving their offices to California, I
- 18 didn't -- that's good news. At least somebody is moving
- 19 to California.
- 20 (Laughter).
- 21 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Maybe we can get the
- 22 Governor to go graduate them.
- MR. LISS: Perfect. Let's have an event.
- 24 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Then finally, you guys are
- 25 great. We love your presentation. I also want to

- 1 recognize Bill Orr, from our staff, who has done just a
- 2 great job helping facilitate our role in this dialogue on
- 3 zero waste in the participation in the events in San
- 4 Francisco and Oakland in helping facilitate the
- 5 presentation today.
- 6 As you might imagine, Gary and Rick we love you,
- 7 but you know, I think you could have gone on three or four
- 8 days, perhaps three or four weeks. And I know working
- 9 with Bill he helped you focus the presentation. And I
- 10 think we all appreciate that and got a lot out of it.
- 11 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: It was a zero waste
- 12 presentation.
- 13 (Laughter.)
- 14 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: There was no waste in
- 15 it.
- MR. LISS: We apologize for not mentioning Bill
- 17 earlier. He was fabulous to work with and did try to keep
- 18 us focused, and we appreciate that.
- 19 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Thank you very much.
- 20 MR. LISS: Thanks for nothing.
- 21 (Laughter.)
- 22 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: We'll take a 5 minute
- 23 break, and come back at 11:15.
- 24 (Thereupon a recess was taken.)
- 25 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. We'll get started

- 1 again.
- 2 Any ex partes?
- 3 Board Member Mulé go ahead.
- 4 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: I spoke with the City of
- 5 San Diego, Elmer -- and I can't think of his last name.
- 6 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: A representative of the
- 7 City of San Diego. I said hi to him as well.
- 8 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: I did too. It was just
- 9 hi. Although, I did tell him that we're rejecting his
- 10 item.
- 11 (Laughter.)
- 12 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: I'm kidding.
- 13 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: We're on the record.
- Okay, Mr. Schiavo.
- DEPUTY DIRECTOR SCHIAVO: Yes. Pat Schiavo,
- 16 Diversion, Planning and Local Assistance Division. I'll
- 17 be real brief. This month we experienced workshop fever.
- 18 We had 3 workshops, 2 last week dealing with alternative
- 19 measurement methodologies. One in Long Beach, we had 64
- 20 people. And then one in Sacramento, we had 42 people. So
- 21 proportionately they worked out real well.
- 22 We're taking the information and compiling it and
- 23 then we're going to submit it out to interested parties.
- 24 And this will hopefully culminate with an agenda item
- 25 probably March is what we anticipate.

Okay, and then finally January 7th Mariposa

- 2 County is going to be having a grand opening, ground
- 3 breaking ceremony for their new in-vessel -- large scale
- 4 in-vessel composting facility. You'll be receiving
- 5 invitations in the mail for next week, so keep January 7th
- 6 blocked out on your calendars for that. That should be a
- 7 real excellent event.
- 8 So that concludes my brief comments. We'll go
- 9 ahead and start with the items. Item I will be staff's
- 10 report of large venues and events Waste Diversion Program
- 11 and Chris Schmidle will go ahead and present that item.
- 12 (Thereupon an overhead presentation was
- 13 Presented as follows.)
- 14 DEPUTY DIRECTOR SCHIAVO: We've got a slide show
- 15 here and it's Item 7, I.
- MS. SCHMIDLE: Okay. Good morning, chair and
- 17 board members. I'm Chris Schmidle, a staff member working
- 18 on increasing waste reduction and recycling at large
- 19 venues and events, such as stadiums, convention centers,
- 20 fair grounds and festivals.
- 21 --000--
- MS. SCHMIDLE: Board staff have been working on
- 23 this issue for years as a special project. Some of our
- 24 outreach activities so far include developing an
- 25 information web site dedicated to the waste materials and

- 1 methods of the venues industry with over 50 pages of
- 2 diversion advice, case studies and resource links.
- 3 Coordinating with the California Resource
- 4 Recovery Association in developing the first professional
- 5 association for pier-to-pier assistance in venues waste
- 6 reduction.
- 7 The venues and special events recycling council
- 8 has an interested parties mailing list of over 200
- 9 members. We've participated in 6 professional education
- 10 workshops around the State for the venues industry and
- 11 local government personnel. And to ground test our
- 12 advice, we have participated in pilot waste reduction
- 13 projects at 3 sites and audited award winning venue waste
- 14 reduction efforts around the State.
- In doing our work, we've coordinated closely with
- 16 other board divisions, the Department of Conservation, and
- 17 nonprofit environmental groups.
- 19 MS. SCHMIDLE: The Board is now being tasked with
- 20 additional waste reduction duties. At the end of
- 21 September, the Governor signed a new law, AB 2176. The
- 22 Act is meant to encourage operators of large venues and
- 23 events statewide to design for waste reduction when
- 24 building and upgrading their facilities, to set goals for
- 25 waste reduction in their venue and event operations, to

- 1 develop partnerships for materials reuse with community
- 2 groups, to renegotiate waste handling contracts to promote
- 3 recycling, and to renegotiate the purchasing contracts to
- 4 select recycle content and recyclable materials.
- 5 While the planning and reporting provisions of
- 6 the Act are aimed at the largest 10 percent of the venues,
- 7 which we estimate generate about 50 percent of the
- 8 industry's waste, all venues and events will receive
- 9 education materials about waste reduction.
- 10 --00o--
- 11 MS. SCHMIDLE: The Act defines large venues as
- 12 those with more than an annual average of 2000 attendees
- 13 and employees on site per day of operation. Large events
- 14 are those that charge an admission and have an average of
- 15 2,000 attendees and employees per day of the event.
- 16 Under the Act, the Board has been given the
- 17 responsibilities to jurisdictions, venues and the
- 18 Legislature.
- 19 --000--
- 20 MS. SCHMIDLE: For local governments, the Board
- 21 must consult with representatives of cities, counties, the
- 22 waste industry and the venues industry in developing a
- 23 voluntary model local ordinance for recycling at venues
- 24 and events. The Board will also develop how-to waste
- 25 reduction information that local governments must

- 1 distribute to large venues and events when they apply for
- 2 local facility use and activity permits.
- 3 Each city and county must track the waste
- 4 reduction performance of the largest venues and events and
- 5 report these results to the Board. Board staff will
- 6 update the jurisdiction annual report system to
- 7 accommodate this information and develop model reporting
- 8 forms for the jurisdictions.
- 9 ---00---
- 10 MS. SCHMIDLE: To assist venues and events, the
- 11 Board must develop additional education materials for
- 12 venue and event managers and workers. The materials will
- 13 be placed on the Board's web site and used in outreach
- 14 workshops. Board staff will also develop recycling
- 16 sure the proper information gets reported to the Board.
- MS. SCHMIDLE: The Board will use the waste
- 19 reduction results collected from the largest venues and
- 20 events to prepare performance reports to the Legislature.
- 21 If more than 75 percent of the targeted venues and events
- 22 do not implement programs, the Board will also make
- 23 recommendations for additional enforcement legislation.
- --000--
- 25 MS. SCHMIDLE: This spring Board staff will be

- 1 concentrating on educating jurisdictions and the venues
- 2 industry about the new law in developing specific tools to
- 3 meet the requirements of the Act, such as the local
- 4 recycling ordinances, training documents, and
- 5 infrastructure for the annual reporting system. Staff
- 6 will also be reporting back to the Board about progress in
- 7 meeting the requirements of this Act.
- 8 That's the end of my presentation. Do you have
- 9 any questions about the program or our proposed actions?
- 10 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: You know I attended the
- 11 workshop yesterday on food waste diversion, you know,
- 12 which was a real shining example of the types of things
- 13 that are our staff is working on. And in fact, you know,
- 14 a lot of localities and venues are putting a lot of
- 15 resource and effort into that.
- Very, very good thing.
- 17 Chair Marin.
- 18 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Mr. Chairman, one of the
- 19 things that I really think that we need to do is have the
- 20 State set the example. So to the degree that there are
- 21 conferences or events that the State sponsors, that we
- 22 work with those departments and we take a proactive
- 23 approach. You know, instead of coming the day before the
- 24 conference and/or the day of the event, you know, that we
- 25 take this very proactive measure, especially in light of

- 1 the fact that the Governor signed this particular law.
- 2 That we make the State become the model for how
- 3 events throughout -- that are sponsored by the State
- 4 really have the most diversion, if you will, or the most
- 5 recyclable items or -- what would you call it -- all of
- 6 the trying to reduce the waste that is produced at these
- 7 event.
- 8 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: So they can get to zero.
- 9 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: That they get to zero
- 10 waste or darn close to it.
- 11 And by the same token, I think we attended a
- 12 wonderful conference -- the women's conference -- it would
- 13 be my real desire to go to the Governor's office and say
- 14 for the next women's conference, this is what we would be
- 15 willing to do, you know, and provide the assistance and --
- 16 you know, but we need to do that now, because I can tell
- 17 you they're already planning the next women's conference.
- 18 This is something that happens every year. And when you
- 19 have 10,000 women out there, we need to be the leaders.
- 20 We need to set the example.
- 21 But that's true for any other -- you know, we
- 22 can't go and ask jurisdictions to do something that we are
- 23 unwilling or unable to do. I think we need to lead by
- 24 example, Mr. Chair.
- 25 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Very good point.

- 1 Board Member Mulé.
- 2 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
- I just want to make a brief comment here. I
- 4 think staff has done an outstanding job of working with
- 5 the local jurisdictions on a number of these programs. I
- 6 know that you worked very closely with the City of Indian
- 7 Wells on the tennis tournament program. And I know that
- 8 there were lessons learned by all in that process.
- 9 And I just want to say that I think one of the
- 10 most valuable things that we can do as board and board
- 11 staff is provide the assistance to the local jurisdictions
- 12 throughout this process, and help them with some of
- 13 those -- you know, how-to type of activities and share
- 14 with them the successes that have already occurred, I
- 15 think, because that really helps build their confidence in
- 16 what they can do in their cities and counties.
- 17 And so that's one thing. I think, if there's one
- 18 thing that we can do is provide that technical assistance
- 19 and knowledge from the experience we've already had.
- 20 So thank you.
- 21 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Good job.
- 22 DEPUTY DIRECTOR SCHIAVO: Okay. Based on popular
- 23 demand by audience members, I'd like to request, if we
- 24 could hear, Items S first and then R. And these both tie
- 25 to the zero waste theme. S is dealing with the

- 1 characterization study and then R is the Desert Sands
- 2 program composting.
- 3 Again, I had a request from audience members and
- 4 then we'll go back to J.
- 5 So Item S will be presented by Nancy Carr and
- 6 this is results of the 2003 Characterization Studies.
- 7 (Thereupon an overhead presentation was
- 8 Presented as follows.)
- 9 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Just to be clear, we're
- 10 getting a very brief overview for the Committee and then
- 11 you're planning at the full board meeting to bring the
- 12 contractor in and do little bit more.
- 13 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: At the next board
- 14 meeting.
- 15 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: This next week.
- 16 DEPUTY DIRECTOR SCHIAVO: Charlie Scott from
- 17 Cascadia Consulting will be here.
- 18 MS. CARR: Good morning, Chairman Paparian and
- 19 committee members. My name is Nancy Carr and I'm here to
- 20 tell you about the results of the 2003 Statewide Disposed
- 21 Waste Characterization Study.
- --000--
- 23 MS. CARR: First a little background. This was
- 24 the second study -- second statewide study done by the
- 25 Board. And the first one was done in 1999. Data was

- 1 gathered on the types and quantities of materials still
- 2 being disposed in California's waste stream for the
- 3 overall waste stream as well as for 3 distinct sectors,
- 4 the residential, commercial and self-hauled waste sectors.
- 5 The overall tonnage amount disposed by each
- 6 sector was estimated. And also specific data for Rigid
- 7 Plastic Packaging Containers was obtained. Also, for the
- 8 first time, the Department of Conservation, Division of
- 9 Recycling contributed to the study so that we could obtain
- 10 specific data on CRV containers disposed.
- 11 The budget for the study was a little under
- 12 \$300,000, and this does not include \$24,000 contributed by
- 13 DOR for the CRV portion of the study.
- 14 --000--
- 15 MS. CARR: Here are the estimated contributions
- 16 of each sector to the overall waste stream for 2003. The
- 17 commercial sector accounts for about 47 percent of the
- 18 overall waste stream. The residential sector contributes
- 19 about 32 percent, most of which is from single family
- 20 sources.
- 21 The self-haul sector is about 21 percent of the
- 22 waste stream, and most of that comes from commercial
- 23 self-hauled sources. This data is important because each
- 24 sector has its own characteristics that influence the
- 25 overall waste stream. And I'll talk a little bit more

- 1 about that in a minute.
- --00--
- 3 MS. CARR: One of the main objectives of the
- 4 study was to see what are the main types of materials
- 5 still in the waste stream. The top individual material
- 6 type disposed was food waste and number 2 was lumber,
- 7 which includes pallets.
- 8 --000--
- 9 MS. CARR: The number 4 individual material type
- 10 disposed was cardboard. I liked this picture because the
- 11 cardboard kind of trails off into the distance sort of in
- 12 a never-ending line, which is what we see out there in the
- 13 field.
- 14 --000--
- MS. CARR: This slide shows the overall
- 16 composition according to the major material categories.
- 17 And these categories include the types that I just talked
- 18 about. For example, the number one type, as I mentioned
- 19 is food, and that shows up in the organic category.
- 20 The number 2 type is lumber, which is included in
- 21 C&D. And the number 4 type, cardboard, shows up in the
- 22 paper category. So those 3 categories paper, organic, and
- 23 C&D are by far the biggest pieces of the pie.
- --000--
- 25 MS. CARR: Well, since this is our second

- 1 statewide study, can we tell if the waste stream has
- 2 changed over the last 4 years? Well, when comparing the 2
- 3 studies from 1999 and 2003, I think we need to keep one
- 4 word in mind and that word is caution.
- 5 ---00--
- 6 MS. CARR: Several factors have influenced the
- 7 results of each study, so that direct comparisons need to
- 8 be made carefully.
- 9 In the 1999 study, the emphasis was on the
- 10 commercial sector, and samples of waste were taken
- 11 directly from dumpsters at business sites. This allowed
- 12 for a much more detailed characterization of commercial
- 13 waste.
- In 2003, due to budget constraints, commercial
- 15 sectors samples were taken from waste hauling vehicles at
- 16 disposal sites, so different methods were used.
- 17 In both studies facilities were selected randomly
- 18 and a different set of facilities was used each year. The
- 19 type of vehicles and sources of waste going to each
- 20 facility varies hugely around the state. And the nature
- 21 of the waste coming into the facilities varies. And also
- 22 the waste stream in each facility can change over time.
- --000--
- MS. CARR: Here is a comparison of sector
- 25 percents between 1999 and 2003. The commercial sector

- 1 stayed about the same at a little under 50 percent. The
- 2 residential sector was about 38 percent in 1999 and about
- 3 32 percent in 2003.
- 4 The self-hauled sector was about 13 percent in
- 5 1999 and about 21 percent in 2003. So comparing the 2 pie
- 6 charts seems to show a pretty substantial increase in
- 7 self-hauled waste and a corresponding decrease in
- 8 residential waste. But, again, I think we need to be a
- 9 little bit cautious in this comparison.
- 10 As I mentioned, we randomly selected disposal
- 11 facilities as sampling sites. And there's a wide
- 12 variation among facilities for the amounts of waste coming
- 13 into the gate from each sector.
- 14 For example, for the facilities used in 2003, the
- 15 amount of residential waste ranged from 10 percent coming
- 16 in the gate at one facility up to 49 percent at another
- 17 facility. And the amount of self-hauled waste ranged from
- 18 4 percent at one facility up to 66 percent at another
- 19 facility. So the individual facilities that happen to be
- 20 chosen in each year can have an influence on the resulting
- 21 data.
- 22 Other local studies in California and in some
- 23 other states showed a general trend. Commercial waste was
- 24 a little under 50 percent, residential was about 34, and
- 25 the self-hauled sector was about 20 percent. So when

- 1 compared with these other studies, the 2003 data is more
- 2 consistent with what others found in their studies.
- 3 So it could be that self-hauled waste was
- 4 under-counted in 1999. So the increase that shows up in
- 5 the pies may not be quite as big as it looks.
- 6 --000--
- 7 MS. CARR: There are also variables that
- 8 influence the composition data. As I mentioned, we
- 9 focused on generator sampling for the commercial sector in
- 10 1999. In 2003, we sampled more commercial drop boxes as
- 11 they came into disposal facilities, and that's just the
- 12 nature of how we did the 2 studies.
- 13 So this influences the commercial sector
- 14 composition, because now we've captured more C&D materials
- 15 because those tend to be in the drop boxes coming in the
- 16 gate.
- 17 Since the commercial sector is almost 50 percent
- 18 of the waste stream, this has a big influence in the
- 19 overall composition for the statewide waste stream.
- 20 Also, since the self-haul waste was a bigger
- 21 piece of the pie in 2003, it was weighted more heavily.
- 22 And this sector has a lot of C&D waste, so that also can
- 23 have a big influence on the overall composition.
- --000--
- MS. CARR: This chart shows the comparison of the

- 1 major material Categories or pie slices, if you will,
- 2 between 1999 and 2003. So for both studies, the 3 main
- 3 material categories are the same paper, organics and C&D,
- 4 but their proportions have changed.
- 5 Paper went from about 30 percent in 1999 to about
- 6 21 percent in 2003. Metal increased from about 6 percent
- 7 to about 9 percent. Organics went from about 35 percent
- 8 to about 30 percent. C&D increased from about 12 percent
- 9 to about 22 percent. And glass and plastics stayed about
- 10 the same.
- 11 Again, as I mentioned, this composition data can
- 12 be influenced by the method. For example, capturing more
- 13 drop boxes with more C&D waste in the commercial sector.
- 14 So this could be a factor influencing that overall
- 15 increase in C&D between the 2 studies that we see on the
- 16 chart.
- 17 And also getting back to the sector percents,
- 18 self-hauled waste was weighted more greatly in 2003. And
- 19 this sector only has about 7 percent paper, but about 55
- 20 percent C&D. So that could have an influence in this
- 21 overall composition also.
- --000--
- 23 MS. CARR: Even with the differences between the
- 24 2 studies, a lot of the characteristics of the waste
- 25 stream are the same between the 2 years. The main

- 1 material category stayed the same, but also the top 10
- 2 individual material types are about the same. And
- 3 remember paper is the category, cardboard would be the
- 4 type included in that category, for example.
- 5 So this table shows the top 10 individual
- 6 materials in the state's overall waste stream in 1999 and
- 7 2003. So let's look at the 2003 table for a minute, the
- 8 table on the right.
- 9 Food is the number one material at about 15
- 10 percent. Followed by lumber at about 10 percent. Next is
- 11 remainder composite organics, and that includes carpet,
- 12 and this was the first time we've called out carpet
- 13 separately. And about a third of the remainder composite
- 14 organics category is carpet.
- Next is number 4 cardboard at about 6 percent.
- 16 Then remainder composite paper also about 6 percent. And
- 17 this tends to be the less recoverable paper, such as
- 18 contaminated paper. Film plastic is next at about 4.
- 19 Leaves and grass also about 4 percent. Then remainder
- 20 composite metal. Remainder composite C&D and other
- 21 miscellaneous paper.
- 22 So when we compare the 2 studies, 8 of the top 10
- 23 materials are the same. And they're kind of color coded
- 24 between the 2 carts so you can see where they are and
- 25 where they fall in each list. And the ones that are white

- 1 are the ones that don't match up between the 2 lists.
- 2 So the positions of the material types have
- 3 changed between the 2 years, but they're pretty
- 4 consistent. And as you can see, there's still a lot of
- 5 readily recoverable materials being disposed in
- 6 substantial amounts in California's landfills, such as
- 7 lumber, cardboard and leaves and grass.
- 8 --000--
- 9 MS. CARR: Well, 2 aspects of the study that may
- 10 have caught your attention are the construction and
- 11 demolition waste and the self-hauled waste stream. And
- 12 we've already started on the next characterization study,
- 13 which is actually a combination of 4 targeted studies and
- 14 each one is looking at a specific part of the waste
- 15 stream. We're doing a detailed study on construction and
- 16 demolition as its own waste stream, a detailed study on
- 17 the non-C&D self-hauled and drop-box waste stream.
- 18 We're also doing a generator study for the
- 19 commercial sector looking at the top 10 major commercial
- 20 generators, and for the first time we're going to be
- 21 characterizing the disposed waste and the diverted waste
- 22 from those generators. And finally we're going to be
- 23 characterizing residuals from material recovery
- 24 facilities.
- 25 And field work, on the C&D and self-haul study

- 1 it's happening as we speak. There's a crew at a facility
- 2 in southern California today and they will be in northern
- 3 California next week. So the field work for all the
- 4 studies will be occurring this winter and over next
- 5 summer. And the final report should be ready by the end
- 6 of 2005.
- 7 --00--
- 8 MS. CARR: This concludes my presentation. Are
- 9 there any questions?
- 10 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Let me just ask the
- 11 broader study with a lot of the details.
- MS. CARR: The what, excuse me?
- 13 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: The bigger report with a
- 14 lot of the details, you were mentioning some of the
- 15 details about components of the food waste or components
- 16 of the various waste streams.
- MS. CARR: Um-hmm.
- 18 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Will that be available on
- 19 the web site before the Board meeting for people to look
- 20 at?
- 21 MS. CARR: The report is still being edited by
- 22 the Public Affairs office, mainly because of formatting
- 23 changes when we upgraded the computer system it kind of
- 24 messed up some of the formatting. So that's still being
- 25 worked on. But then the entire report will be posted on

- 1 the publications page.
- 2 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Will people have a chance
- 3 to back the it before the Board meeting?
- 4 DEPUTY DIRECTOR SCHIAVO: What about the summary?
- 5 MS. CARR: We have the executive summary that
- 6 would have a table of -- we could post the overall
- 7 composition for all of the 64 material types in detail.
- 8 The pie chart I showed, we have that for the 3 distinct
- 9 sectors as well as the overall. And we have tables for
- 10 each sector as well as the overall.
- 11 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: I think if we could at
- 12 least post those, I think a lot of people, you know --
- 13 many beyond Mr. Cupps will appreciate having access to
- 14 some of that information to take a look at before we have
- 15 the presentation.
- MS. CARR: Okay.
- 17 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Board Member Mulé.
- 18 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I
- 19 do have a question on the 10 most prevalent material
- 20 types. You list film plastics, is there a reason why we
- 21 listed film plastics and not all plastics?
- MS. CARR: Because in 1999 we didn't -- as
- 23 compared to all plastics?
- 24 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: In the chart you have
- 25 film plastics. And I don't know if we can go back to that

- 1 on --
- 2 MS. CARR: Yeah, film is the individual material
- 3 type that's included under the more general category of
- 4 plastics. So that top 10 is there's 64 individual
- 5 material types that kind of are divvied up amongst about
- 6 10 categories. So film is the type and plastic would be
- 7 the category, so some of the charts show the individual
- 8 and some show the --
- 9 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: I'm just curious. I
- 10 guess I would just like information on other types of
- 11 plastics as well.
- 12 DEPUTY DIRECTOR SCHIAVO: Yeah. The summary
- 13 report will. This table again was the top ones. And so
- 14 when you get the summary table, that's going to list all
- 15 of them broken down into detail, so yes.
- 16 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: That would be very --
- MS. CARR: The summary table is going to look
- 18 like this. So it's 64 types. I was trying to, you know,
- 19 not overwhelm you with too many numbers.
- 20 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: That's okay. This is
- 21 important work that we're doing. So I welcome all
- 22 information.
- MS. CARR: It just doesn't break out very well.
- 24 DEPUTY DIRECTOR SCHIAVO: Yeah, today was just a
- 25 summary of what you'll see for next week and what we

- 1 originally intended is to have the big presentation at the
- 2 Board meeting and then this is just a briefing of that
- 3 bigger presentation.
- 4 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Okay. Thank you. And
- 5 then the other question I had very quickly was, I think,
- 6 Chairperson Paparian and I winced when we saw the increase
- 7 in metals. And, again, I'm assuming that's because of the
- 8 C&D, the fact that we pulled more drop boxes as opposed to
- 9 -- you know, it sounds like we were focusing on C&D type
- 10 of boxes.
- 11 MS. CARR: We captured more of that. And in the
- 12 drop boxes you also have things like large appliances and
- 13 that's where the biggest increase was it was in large
- 14 appliances.
- 15 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Because again I think
- 16 it's very important, and I thank you for making that
- 17 distinction on how we conducted this study as opposed to
- 18 how we conducted the study in 1999, because obviously
- 19 differences are pretty significant.
- Thank you.
- 21 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Board Member Marin.
- 22 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Mr. Chair, one of the
- 23 questions that -- without having been here when the first
- 24 study was done and certainly without giving the criteria
- 25 for the second study, I ponder why the difference?

- 1 Because this would, it seems to me, for those industries
- 2 that saw an increase in the proportions of their items
- 3 going into the waste stream, they would probably become
- 4 defensive and somewhat probably challenge that in fact is
- 5 not being -- have you heard any -- or is this out so that
- 6 anybody would question or challenge our results yet?
- 7 MS. CARR: The only information that's been out
- 8 before today was for film plastics, because of a meeting
- 9 that was had there.
- 10 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Because people will say
- 11 that you're comparing apples to oranges. And so I need to
- 12 understand -- and we don't have to do it right now, but I
- 13 will need to understand specifically why is it that we
- 14 changed the criteria, if you will? Why did we select to
- 15 report it differently or look at differently?
- 16 DEPUTY DIRECTOR SCHIAVO: Just a real brief
- 17 response and it has to focus on resources. When we did
- 18 the original study in 1999, we had a lot more resources
- 19 available, so a lot more money went into the study. And
- 20 we also had more staff availability, so we had more
- 21 in-kind support.
- 22 This study was less than half the cost with less
- 23 staff resources dedicated to it. So we did what we had to
- 24 do to try to get it completed.
- 25 The material types themselves again are pretty

- 1 much in parody, so that part -- the major difference was
- 2 the sectors that really was revealing. But the material
- 3 types themselves were pretty close.
- 4 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Well, except for --
- 5 let's see which -- this one I can't read. C&D of course.
- 6 The percentage difference is significant as opposed to
- 7 1999.
- 8 I would just brace ourselves for some challenges
- 9 to the way that, you know -- I would suspect people would
- 10 say you're comparing apples to oranges. And if that's our
- 11 best answer, then that is our best answer. But I would
- 12 suspect somebody will challenge us.
- 13 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Thank you. One of the
- 14 things that strikes me is how recyclable the top items
- 15 are. It will give us a lot of stuff to look at over the
- 16 next few years to target some of our programs to try to
- 17 get more and more out of the landfills.
- 18 What we looked at in the study, the percentages
- 19 are based on weight. Did we look at volume also? Was
- 20 there --
- MS. CARR: No.
- 22 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: No. Okay. There's
- 23 different ways to look at volume. But I know that for
- 24 some of the facilities, that's maybe an issue, the volume
- 25 of space taken up in the landfill in addition to the

- 1 weight the material coming in.
- 2 Anything else? We'll hear more next week and
- 3 we'll get some of those summaries.
- 4 DEPUTY DIRECTOR SCHIAVO: The next item is Item
- 5 R, and this is a discussion of the Desert Sands Unified
- 6 School Districts Environmental Ambassador Program.
- 7 And Melissa Vargas will present this item.
- 8 (Thereupon an overhead presentation was
- 9 Presented as follows.)
- 10 MS. VARGAS: Desert Sands Unified School District
- 11 is one of the Board's 6 environmental ambassador grantees.
- 12 These grants were awarded for the purpose of increasing
- 13 the presence of resource management programs, such as
- 14 waste prevention, recycling, composting and other resource
- 15 conservation programs in school districts statewide as
- 16 part of Senate Bill 373.
- 17 The grants are in the final implementation year
- 18 of the 2-year grant process. This presentation is an
- 19 overview of the diversion program efforts.
- 20 --000--
- 21 MS. VARGAS: The first step of the grant was to
- 22 find out where they were with regard to the waste
- 23 reduction programs. This process included conducting a
- 24 districtwide waste assessment to identify source reduction
- 25 and recycling programs that are currently implemented, as

- 1 well as potential new programs or expiation.
- 2 Based upon the findings, the team recommended
- 3 implementing various districtwide programs that could save
- 4 the district money, while also diverting material from
- 5 landfill. The staff findings were documented in a
- 6 detailed waste assessment report, which was reviewed by
- 7 the district staff and used to create a workplan for
- 8 targeting goals and objectives.
- 9 ---00--
- 10 MS. VARGAS: One of the programs selected was the
- 11 food diversion composting program. The district decided
- 12 to start with a pilot program with 3 schools. Within the
- 13 short time period remaining during last year's school
- 14 year, the schools were able to divert approximately over 1
- 15 ton of food waste from the landfill to the composting
- 16 facility. Both Waste Management of the Desert and Cal
- 17 Biomass piloted the food composting program for free.
- This year the program has expanded to include 5
- 19 schools with plans to expand to the entire district of
- 20 over 20 schools.
- 21 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Those are some attractive
- 22 adults in that picture, too.
- 23 (Laughter.)
- 24 MS. VARGAS: The district has the potential to
- 25 literally cut their disposal costs in half through the

- 1 implementation of the food composing program while
- 2 diverting the material from the landfill.
- 3 ---00--
- 4 MS. VARGAS: As a result of the waste assessment
- 5 DPLA staff found that the schools were sending all C&D
- 6 materials to the landfill for disposal. After the waste
- 7 assessment, board staff assisted the district by
- 8 facilitating meetings with the hauler who provided the
- 9 district with a plan for diverting the C&D materials for
- 10 recycling.
- 11 Two new schools were recently constructed with a
- 12 recycling plan and over 261 tons of construction and
- 13 demolition material was diverted from the landfill and
- 14 sent to various markets for reuse.
- 15 With 14 schools being planned for construction,
- 16 the potential to divert literally thousands of tons of
- 17 material from the landfill is a realistic goal, thus
- 18 saving the district thousands of dollars.
- --o0o--
- 20 MS. VARGAS: One thing that was identified
- 21 through the grant was the need to provide teachers.
- 22 District, staff, students and parents with the resource
- 23 for easily accessing district recycling information, a
- 24 once-stop-shop web site was created to address this need.
- 25 Some of the goals for developing the web site

- 1 included, inform the teachers about upcoming events;
- 2 educate teachers, students and the public on what they can
- 3 reuse, recycle and compost; provide teachers students and
- 4 the public with a web site resource for how to get a
- 5 program started.
- --000--
- 7 MS. VARGAS: The district took it one-step
- 8 further. By adding student involvement as on-site roving,
- 9 recycling reporters. Each month, a different class
- 10 submits an article for publication regarding diversion
- 11 composting or other environmental concepts for posting on
- 12 the web site.
- 13 For example, this month the article is all about
- 14 vermacomposting at Abraham Lincoln Elementary.
- 15 ---00--
- MS. VARGAS: One of the most critical components
- 17 of implementing any successful program is by including the
- 18 necessary partners to help ensure the success of the
- 19 program. For example, both the City of Palm Desert and
- 20 Indian Wells provided technical, financial and staff
- 21 resources for implementing the food composting program.
- 22 Palm Desert is currently planning an Ewaste universal
- 23 waste program that will include diverting E-waste and
- 24 universal waste from Palm Desert schools.
- 25 Both cities were instrumental in providing the

- 1 district with the valuable resources from the
- 2 implementation of their workplan. Cal Biomass provided
- 3 technical assistance and waived the fees for the pilot
- 4 food composting program and are providing incentives to
- 5 make it economically feasible to divert materials to the
- 6 facility versus going to the landfill.
- 7 There are plans for the compost material to be
- 8 returned the school's ball fields and school gardens as
- 9 nutrient rich compost.
- 10 Waste Management provided financial, staff
- 11 resources for starting the food composting program and has
- 12 provided the district with economic incentives to continue
- 13 the program versus going to the landfill. Waste
- 14 Management has even taken it one step further by offering
- 15 \$2,000 to any school in the district that can eliminate
- 16 all of their waste for a 1-month time period.
- 18 MS. VARGAS: With the start of the new year, the
- 19 district will roll out an environmental art contest for
- 20 grades K through 12. The purpose of the art contest is to
- 21 generate interest and increase awareness in environmental
- 22 topics where students are challenged to utilize materials
- 23 made from recycled content.
- 24 The high school photography class will provide
- 25 pictures for display on the District's web site. The

- 1 College of the Desert will be providing a perpetual trophy
- 2 made of recycled clay, and the partner cities are working
- 3 to promote the winners-of-the-art-contest graphically on
- 4 the sides of the city buses. The contest starts January
- 5 3rd 2005 and ends March 4th, 2005.
- --000--
- 7 MS. VARGAS: In the coming year, the district
- 8 will be expanding their food waste, diversion, recycling
- 9 and procurement efforts. It is our goal continue to use
- 10 Desert Sands Unified School District as a model for other
- 11 school districts throughout California.
- 12 In closing, the district continues to Embody the
- 13 vision of the environmental ambassador program as outlined
- 14 in SB 373.
- This concludes my presentation.
- 16 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Thank you very much. We
- 17 have some folks here associated with the program?
- 18 MS. VARGAS: Not today. They were here yesterday
- 19 doing a presentation at the composting.
- 20 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Good presentation. And
- 21 they have some good stuff they're doing. We may have to
- 22 challenge Mr. Edgar's clients to top that \$2,000 a school.
- 23 (Laughter.)
- 24 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Any questions?
- 25 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: No, just

- 1 congratulations. And is this your last day or --
- 2 MS. VARGAS: Close to it.
- 3 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Close to it. Be nice to
- 4 Kyle for the remainder.
- 5 MS. VARGAS: Never.
- 6 (Laughter.)
- 7 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Never, okay. Mr.
- 8 Chairman, you know, this is one of the things that we
- 9 really need to go out and tell the world that this, in
- 10 fact, works. And with all of the partners that you guys
- 11 were able to secure, it was truly amazing. It sets the
- 12 example for others to follow. And thank you for the work
- 13 that you have done. I know it's been a lot. But, you
- 14 know, it's still rewarding to see that it, in fact, works.
- As far as the contest, we will prohibit Jon Myers
- 16 from submitting, because I'm sure he would take it -- be
- 17 the winner. So we can't have him.
- 18 (Laughter.)
- 19 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Well, we'll note this is
- 20 the second time his name has come up and he hasn't been
- 21 here.
- 22 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: He's actually brilliant,
- 23 you know that.
- 24 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Thank you.
- MS. VARGAS: Thank you very much.

1 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: We need to take a quick

- 2 break to switch to the tape.
- 3 Okay.
- 4 DEPUTY DIRECTOR SCHIAVO: Okay. Items J, K and L
- 5 are consideration of 2001/2002 biennial review findings
- 6 for a number of jurisdictions and Steve Sorelle will
- 7 present this item -- or these items.
- 8 OFFICE OF LOCAL ASSISTANT NORTH SECTION
- 9 SUPERVISOR SORELLE: Morning Chair and Committee Members.
- 10 Staff have conducted their biennial reviews and
- 11 found that the jurisdiction in item J has achieved a 2002
- 12 diversion rate of 52 percent and is adequately
- 13 implementing its source reduction, recycling, composting
- 14 and public education information programs as outline in
- 15 their Source Reduction Recycling Element and Household
- 16 Hazardous Waste Element.
- 17 Attachment 2 has been revised and this
- 18 jurisdiction is claiming diversion from Biomass for 2001
- 19 and 2002. While the 2002 diversion rate still remains
- 20 below 50 percent requirement for the jurisdictions in
- 21 items K and L, Board staff in conducting their biennial
- 22 reviews have determined that these jurisdictions are
- 23 continuing to make all reasonable and feasible efforts to
- 24 implement new and or maintain their diversion programs.
- 25 Some of the jurisdictions in these items are

- 1 small rural cities, counties and regional agencies which
- 2 have extensive fluctuations in diversion rates, such as
- 3 Inyo Regional Waste Management Agency.
- 4 The SB 2202 working group recommended that rural
- 5 jurisdictions be allowed to demonstrate AB 939 compliance
- 6 by program implementation and effectiveness instead of
- 7 spending resources on fixing numerical issues. Staff
- 8 followed this recommendation when reviewing these
- 9 jurisdictions.
- 10 Agenda items J, K and L list those jurisdictions
- 11 for which staff are recommending approval of the 2001/2002
- 12 biennial review.
- 13 This concludes my presentation. Thank you.
- 14 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. So we're looking
- 15 first at Item I, right, which is Agenda Item 8 on the
- 16 regular Board meeting.
- 17 OFFICE OF LOCAL ASSISTANT NORTH SECTION
- 18 SUPERVISOR SORELLE: J.
- 19 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: J. Okay, I'm sorry I've
- 20 got the wrong numbering system here. Okay, so we're on
- 21 Item J or 8 on the regular board meeting. Any questions
- 22 on that item.
- 23 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: If there are no
- 24 questions, I move approval of Resolution 2004-292.
- 25 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Second.

1 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. We have a motion and

- 2 a second. We'll substitute the previous roll call and put
- 3 that one on consent.
- 4 So the next one will be the next item with
- 5 Resolution 2004-293. And that's Item 9 on the regular
- 6 Board Agenda.
- 7 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: I do just have one quick
- 8 question. You did mention that it is a rural jurisdiction
- 9 at Willits and Inyo Regional Waste Management Agency. And
- 10 I know that there are fluctuations in their diversion
- 11 rate, can you explain what that's attributed to?
- 12 OFFICE OF LOCAL ASSISTANT NORTH SECTION
- 13 SUPERVISOR SORELLE: For both of them?
- 14 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Yes.
- 15 OFFICE OF LOCAL ASSISTANT NORTH SECTION
- 16 SUPERVISOR SORELLE: For example, Inyo had some
- 17 significant C&D activity. They actually recycled a fair
- 18 amount of material. But it really overwhelmed their
- 19 systems, if you will. So that created a drop. We're
- 20 actually happy to report that preliminary calculations for
- 21 '03 put it up to 30 percent. So it will be back a
- 22 percentage point above its rural reduction.
- 23 Willits similarly had significant activity in
- 24 that area. And in fact we're working with that
- 25 jurisdiction currently. They're going to their Board in

- 1 January with a C&D ordinance that they've been working on
- 2 for a number of months. So we decided that that was a
- 3 good faith effort. We're watching that. They're aware of
- 4 it. And we expect a report back in January from them.
- 5 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Thank you very much.
- 6 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. So you're moving --
- 7 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: With that I move approval
- 8 of Resolution 2004-293.
- 9 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: I'll second that.
- 10 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. There's a motion
- 11 and a second. We'll substitute the previous roll call.
- 12 And that one will go on consent.
- 13 So then next is Item L or Item 10 on the regular
- 14 Board agenda. Any questions on that item?
- 15 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: No. I move approval of
- 16 Resolution 2004-294.
- 17 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: I second.
- 18 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. There's a motion
- 19 and a second. We'll substitute the previous roll call and
- 20 put that one on consent.
- 21 The next one is Item M on our agenda or Item 11
- 22 on the regular Board agenda.
- 23 DEPUTY DIRECTOR SCHIAVO: And this is a
- 24 consideration to change the base year in 2001/2002
- 25 biennial review findings for the City of Fontana in San

- 1 Bernardino and Rebecca Brown will present this item.
- 2 MS. BROWN: Good morning, Chair Paparian and
- 3 committee members. The City of Fontana has requested to
- 4 change its base year to 2000 using the data from its
- 5 previously approved 2000 generation study.
- 6 The City has requested a 54 percent diversion
- 7 rate for the 2000 new base year. Board staff recommended
- 8 deductions and additions in the original study that can be
- 9 viewed by referring to attachment 4 of the agenda item
- 10 packet. These changes did not change the 2000 diversion
- 11 rate as claimed by the City.
- 12 With the Board staff recommended new base year,
- 13 the City's diversion rate would be 54 percent for 2000, 53
- 14 percent for 2001 and 52 percent for 2002.
- 15 Staff has also conducted the 2001/2002 biennial
- 16 review of the City's Source Reduction and Recycling
- 17 Element and Household Hazardous Waste Element and finds
- 18 that it is adequately implementing source reduction,
- 19 recycling, composting and public education and information
- 20 programs.
- 21 Based on these findings, Board staff recommends
- 22 that Board adopt option number 1, approving the City's
- 23 request to use its previously approved 2000 generation
- 24 study to establish a new 2000 base year and accept staff's
- 25 2001/2002 biennial review findings of the city's Source

- 1 Reduction and Recycling Element and Household Hazardous
- 2 Waste Element.
- 3 There are three representatives here from the
- 4 City if you have any questions for the City and I'll be
- 5 happy to answer any questions as well.
- 6 Thank you.
- 7 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Any questions?
- 8 Board Member Mulé.
- 9 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: First of all, I'd like to
- 10 make a comment. I just want, Rebecca, for you to know
- 11 that I'm very pleased -- and for the City representatives
- 12 to know that I'm very pleased that you did not extrapolate
- 13 your diversion data. That is -- I think that that's
- 14 great. It sounds like you used actual numbers. And so
- 15 I'm very pleased to see that.
- 16 The question I do have, however, is when I look
- 17 at your base year in 1990 your disposal of 125,000 tons
- 18 and your diversion of 58,000 tons and then with your new
- 19 base year of 2000, your disposal is 122,000 and your
- 20 diversion practically tripled, your disposal went down and
- 21 your diversion tripled. I'm very pleased to see that.
- 22 But my question is how did you do it, because we need to
- 23 share your secret with some of the other jurisdictions?
- Thank you.
- MR. AARON: Good afternoon, Honorable Chair.

114

- 1 Curtis Aaron, Public Services Director for the City of
- 2 Fontana.
- 3 Our original SRRE report was based off of
- 4 projected numbers and not actual. So when it was looked
- 5 at, there was no real numbers. When we went back and did
- 6 our reports, we would use the actual numbers. So that's
- 7 why there's such a variation in those numbers. And it
- 8 does look funny too.
- 9 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Well, it just goes to
- 10 show that, you know, over the 15 -- 14, 15 years, you
- 11 know, a lot changes and just shows how we go back that
- 12 far, how much things have changed and that you're now
- 13 using actual numbers, as you said, as opposed to
- 14 projections.
- 15 MR. AARON: As you know, when the AB 939 started
- 16 everyone was struggling at the beginning to figure out how
- 17 to do this. And we've learned from a lot of those
- 18 mistakes and we continue to improve in those areas. So
- 19 using actual numbers actually helps us get to a real
- 20 endline. So thank you. And Rebecca has done a great job
- 21 working with her. So the Board staff has done an fabulous
- 22 job. She's very thorough, trust us.
- 23 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Oh, I know.
- 24 (Laughter.)
- 25 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: I know from personal

- 1 experience from Rebecca. Keep up the good work. Thank
- 2 you very much.
- 3 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Board Member Marin.
- 4 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: So this means that you
- 5 did not cook the books, because Rebecca was there
- 6 watching, right?
- 7 (Laughter.)
- 8 MR. AARON: Absolutely. We would never think of
- 9 doing anything like that.
- 10 She's small, but she's mighty.
- 11 (Laughter.)
- 12 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Well, good job. If every
- 13 jurisdiction was like yours, we'd be over 50 percent
- 14 statewide.
- 15 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: With that, I'd like to
- 16 move approval of Resolution 2004-295.
- 17 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Second.
- 18 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay, there's a motion and
- 19 a second. We'll substitute the previous roll call and put
- 20 this one on consent.
- 21 DEPUTY DIRECTOR SCHIAVO: We'd like to combine
- 22 Items N and O or 12 and 13. And these are consideration
- 23 of a new base year plus application for a 1066 extension.
- 24 And Kaoru Cruz will present these items.
- 25 OFFICE OF LOCAL ASSISTANCE SOUTH SECTION

- 1 SUPERVISOR CRUZ: Good afternoon, Committee Chair Paparian
- 2 and Committee Members.
- 3 Please note that there is a revision in the item.
- 4 On page 1, under issue and program statement. The second
- 5 sentence should be that "The City's requested diversion
- 6 rate is 55 percent" instead of 47 percent.
- 7 The City of Ojai has requested to change its base
- 8 year to 2000 using the data from its previously approved
- 9 2000 generation base study. The City has requested 55
- 10 percent diversion rate for 2000 new base year. Both staff
- 11 recommended deductions in addition to the original study,
- 12 which can be viewed in its entirety by referring to
- 13 Attachment 4 of agenda item packet.
- 14 With the Board staff recommended new base year,
- 15 the City's diversion rate will be 47 percent for 2000, 43
- 16 percent for 2001, and 44 percent for 2002.
- 17 Staff recommends the Board adopt option number 2,
- 18 approve the City's base year change with staff and all
- 19 board suggested modifications.
- 20 The City of Ojai has also requested a 1066 time
- 21 extension through December 31st, 2005. The City has
- 22 implemented over 40 programs and previously received a
- 23 good faith effort for 47 percent in 2000. Since 2000, the
- 24 City has worked with its school and businesses to further
- 25 increase diversion.

- 1 However, because it still has not met the
- 2 diversion rate of 50 percent, the City has identified
- 3 areas in which diversion can be increased. These include
- 4 new performance standards in its trash franchise agreement
- 5 with improvements to residential, commercial and C&D
- 6 diversion programs.
- 7 Over the next year, the City will monitor these
- 8 new programs for success and make adjustments as
- 9 necessary. Staff recommends the Board adopt option number
- 10 1, approve the City application as submitted for an
- 11 extension to the 2000 diversion requirement on the basis
- 12 of its good faith effort today to implement diversion
- 13 programs and its plans for future implementation.
- 14 A representative for the City of Ojai is present
- 15 to assist in answering any questions. This concludes my
- 16 presentation. Thank you.
- 17 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Let me just ask. The 55
- 18 percent is what the City was originally suggesting. And
- 19 after our analysis, you brought it down to 47 percent.
- 20 What was the biggest reason for that or why did they
- 21 change?
- 22 OFFICE OF LOCAL ASSISTANCE SOUTH SECTION
- 23 SUPERVISOR CRUZ: The inert -- the biggest change was
- 24 inert tonnage. This inert tonnage was quantified
- 25 countywide and allocated to each jurisdiction. And this

118

- 1 allocation was also modified when Ventura County submitted
- 2 its base year. So the pie shrunk so that the allocation
- 3 also decreased that, made 55 percent a 47 percent.
- 4 DEPUTY DIRECTOR SCHIAVO: There's an explanation
- 5 on 12-29 at the very bottom of the page dealing with the
- 6 restricted waste issues.
- 7 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Is the City -- I assume
- 8 you represent the City. Do you want to speak to this.
- 9 Okay, come on up and identify yourself.
- 10 MS. WHITMAN: Good afternoon, Chairman Paparian
- 11 and members of the Board. My name is Heidi Whitman for
- 12 the City of Ojai. And when we did our original 2 year --
- 13 2000 generation assessment, we had reports that we
- 14 received written reports from C&D processors that
- 15 indicated that they had processed a certain tonnage of
- 16 waste.
- 17 When the County did their countywide study, they
- 18 came up with a certain percentage that was allocated
- 19 countywide. And because some of the facilities in eastern
- 20 Ventura county where our material doesn't even go, didn't
- 21 have scales, the percentage across the board was reduced.
- 22 So we do believe that our inerts are higher than that, but
- 23 you know we were happy to take the allocation that we did
- 24 get.
- 25 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: So fundamentally, you're

119

- 1 not disagreeing with the 47 percent, although you think it
- 2 might be higher --
- 3 MS. WHITMAN: Yes.
- 4 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: -- you don't have a way to
- 5 verify that.
- 6 MS. WHITMAN: Yes, because most of our inerts
- 7 actually were discounted as a result of the problem in
- 8 eastern Ventura county.
- 9 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. Board Member Mulé.
- 10 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: And the fact that the
- 11 facilities didn't have scales?
- MS. WHITMAN: Yes, that's why. Although we
- 13 really don't believe any of our waste went there, because
- 14 our facilities are in western Ventura county.
- 15 But because it was a countywide allocation, it
- 16 took the entire total down countywide, so then the amount
- 17 that we received was lower.
- 18 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Right. So my question to
- 19 staff then, is there anyway that we can look at that and
- 20 see if -- you know, because again, it just sounds like
- 21 they took the allocation based on like a percentage basis.
- MS. WHITMAN: Yes, that's correct.
- 23 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Is there anyway that we
- 24 can examine that further and give Ojai -- you know, I mean
- 25 if they are in fact due additional tonnage, is there

- 1 anyway that we can look at that?
- 2 OFFICE OF LOCAL ASSISTANCE SOUTH SECTION
- 3 SUPERVISOR CRUZ: Because this is based on the allocation,
- 4 if we change the allocation to Ojai, we have to change the
- 5 allocation to every other jurisdiction which may affect --
- 6 deliberately affect every other jurisdiction. So the
- 7 older jurisdiction in Ventura county has to come to the
- 8 agreement how they want to allocate this, you know,
- 9 countywide tonnage. And then submit to us the new
- 10 allocation method then we could change the tonnage
- 11 allocated to the city.
- 12 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: So you're comfortable
- 13 with that?
- MS. WHITMAN: We're happy with where we are.
- 15 We've done a lot in the city of Ojai. And we're the
- 16 tinniest city in Ventura county. So we think that we're
- 17 doing quite a bit and we're happy to forego the inerts --
- 18 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Okay.
- 19 MS. WHITMAN: -- because we have a plan to get
- 20 there anyway.
- 21 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Okay, good. Thank you.
- 22 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. Thank you for
- 23 coming up.
- So is there a motion?
- 25 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Move approval.

1 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Board Member Marin moves

- 2 Resolution --
- 3 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Second.
- 4 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: -- 2004-297, seconded by
- 5 Board Member Mulé.
- 6 We'll substitute the previous roll call and put
- 7 that one on consent.
- 8 And then we also have Resolution 2004-298, which
- 9 --
- 10 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Move approval.
- 11 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Second.
- 12 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: -- Board Member Marin
- 13 moves and Board Member Mulé seconds. And we'll substitute
- 14 the previous roll call and put that one on consent.
- 15 DEPUTY DIRECTOR SCHIAVO: Item P Board Item 14 is
- 16 consideration of a second SB 1066 time extension for
- 17 Mission Viejo and Tustin in Orange County and then San
- 18 Diego in San Diego county. And Zane Poulson will present
- 19 this item.
- 20 MR. POULSON: Good afternoon, Committee members.
- 21 The cities of Mission Viejo, Tustin and San Diego have
- 22 requested second time extensions through December 31st,
- 23 2005.
- 24 The specific reason the City of Mission Viejo
- 25 needs a second time extension are as follows:

1 To implement programs as outlined in the second

- 2 time extension, such as construction and demolition. The
- 3 City of Mission Viejo has adopted a construction and
- 4 demolition waste recycling ordinance. The ordinance
- 5 requires permit applications to divert a minimum of 75
- 6 percent of construction and demolition waste from the
- 7 affected projects.
- 8 Diversion can be accomplished by using the city's
- 9 franchise hauler's services, whereby self-hauling to a C&D
- 10 processing facility.
- 11 Waste to Energy. The City's waste hauler will
- 12 deliver all non-C&D material collected in roll-off
- 13 containers to south east resource recovery facility, a
- 14 waste-to-energy facility in the city of Long Beach. This
- 15 material will include solid waste from all permanent
- 16 roll-off customers and all temporary loads that are not
- 17 C&D materials.
- 18 Policy Incentives. The City will require
- 19 diversion of inert materials on all city public works'
- 20 street improvement projects. Diversion of C&D materials
- 21 on all city construction and demolition projects and
- 22 diversion of inert materials from encroachment permits.
- 23 The City will accomplish this by making it a requirement
- 24 on all related job specifications.
- 25 The specific reason the City of Tustin needs a

- 1 second time extension are as follows:
- 2 To implement programs as outline in their second
- 3 time extension, such as residential curbside collection
- 4 and residential green waste. The City will address
- 5 barriers of contamination and low participation with
- 6 education and increased monitoring.
- 7 Commercial on-site pickup. The City will address
- 8 barriers of low participation with a specific
- 9 implementation plan that systematically targets the
- 10 largest businesses in the city. The City will dedicate a
- 11 full-time staff person to this program for increased
- 12 outreach, education and monitoring.
- 13 Construction and Demolition. Although the City
- 14 adopted a C&D ordinance in October of 2004, the effective
- 15 enforcement of the ordinance requires a higher level of
- 16 coordination between the franchise hauler, the developers
- 17 and the contractors than the City had expected. The City
- 18 is working with the developers to obtain a more reliable
- 19 method of tracking the diversion and is incorporating
- 20 these discussions into the development of a revised
- 21 ordinance to be adopted by the City in February of 2005.
- 22 Material recovery facility and transformation.
- 23 The City's waste stream including multi-family will be
- 24 taken to a material recovery facility for sort and the
- 25 residue is to be taken for transformation.

- 1 The specific reason the City of San Diego needs a
- 2 second time extension are as follows:
- 3 To implement programs as outline in their second
- 4 time extension such as, construction and demolition
- 5 diversion. The City will work to site a mixed
- 6 construction and demolition processing facility at the
- 7 Miramar landfill. And the City will pass a construction
- 8 and demolition policy or ordinance to encourage and
- 9 promote the diversion of construction and demolition waste
- 10 from projects within the city of San Diego.
- 11 Mandatory recycling ordinance. The City plans to
- 12 increase recycling from the City's commercial on-site
- 13 collection program, multi-family recycling program and
- 14 single family recycling and green waste diversion
- 15 programs, through a mandatory recycling ordinance that
- 16 will require permitted haulers in the city to implement
- 17 mandatory recycling programs to service these entities.
- 18 Sludge diversion. The City is working with the
- 19 water district to increase the diversion of sludge
- 20 produced at the local waste water treatment plant. The
- 21 City estimates that they can achieve a goal of diverting
- 22 90 percent of the biosolids produced at the facility.
- 23 Commercial food waste diversion. The City is
- 24 working to partnership with large food waste generators in
- 25 the city to setup routes to collect food waste to deliver

125

- 1 it to the Miramar composting facility for diversion. One
- 2 new partner in the program will be Petco Park when the new
- 3 baseball season begins in April of 2005.
- 4 The cities are anticipating the following
- 5 increase in their diversion rates. Mission Viejo from 11
- 6 to 13 percent; Tustin 10 percent; and San Diego from 8.45
- 7 to 14.2 percent.
- 8 Board staff has determined that the information
- 9 submitted in the applications are adequately documented.
- 10 Based on this information, Board staff is recommending
- 11 that the Board approve the time extension request for all
- 12 of these cities.
- 13 This concludes my presentation.
- 14 Thank you.
- 15 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Board Member Mulé.
- 16 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: I just want to commend
- 17 all 3 cities on their efforts to increase programs. It
- 18 sounds like you've all identified areas that need to be
- 19 focused on in terms of increase diversion. And you've
- 20 really honed in on it and developed programs to address
- 21 that additional diversion potential and I really
- 22 appreciate that.
- 23 I just want to mention that I was the Miramar
- 24 landfill back on October I believe. And I have to tell
- 25 you, I was very impressed with the variety of programs

126

- 1 that are going on at that facility, because it's not just
- 2 a landfill. They have a recycling buy-back center,
- 3 household hazardous waste center, and very impressive
- 4 native plant nursery, a composting program that is second
- 5 to none.
- I think you went from couldn't give enough away
- 7 -- couldn't give it away to now you're generating revenues
- 8 of, I think, approximately \$200,000 a year, because of the
- 9 variety of products that you're making from the different
- 10 types of organic materials that you're bringing in. It's
- 11 very impressive.
- 12 But what impressed me the most was the good will
- 13 box that sits in the front of the landfill -- prior to the
- 14 entrance of the landfill. So it gives those self-haul
- 15 people and opportunity to take whatever can be reused and
- 16 reuse it rather than just disposing of it in the landfill.
- 17 So I just want to comment for the efforts that
- 18 you're doing. And again, the other two cities as well, it
- 19 sounds like you've really targeted programs that are
- 20 really going to help you divert some valuable materials
- 21 from the landfill and from disposal.
- Thank you.
- 23 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Board Member Marin.
- 24 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Yes, Mr. Chair, I also
- 25 visited the San Diego area and the Miramar landfill, and

- 1 was able to see was Ms. Mulé shared with us.
- 2 One of the things that I would like to say though
- 3 is that I really like, and this has nothing to do with
- 4 this particular program, but I love their -- the City's
- 5 billboards and their trucks, "Recycling or Else". I love
- 6 that. It was -- they gave me a T-shirt and I did not have
- 7 to disclose that, because they told me is was less than
- 8 \$10.
- 9 (Laughter.)
- 10 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: But I think it's just
- 11 really remarkable. I know that we have somebody here from
- 12 the City and it's -- we do need to recognize when they do
- 13 something really good. And I know he likes to do the
- 14 stick, but -- you do. You do.
- 15 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Only when it's needed
- 16 though.
- 17 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: When it's needed.
- 18 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: I like to recognize people
- 19 that do good work.
- 20 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: When they do good work,
- 21 you're the first one.
- 22 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: We like carrots more.
- 23 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: We like carrots more.
- 24 And they've done a remarkable job. And so I certainly if
- 25 you're ready for a motion, Mr. Chair.

- 1 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Yes.
- 2 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: I so move.
- 3 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Second.
- 4 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. Resolution --
- 5 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Or else.
- 6 (Laughter.)
- 7 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: -- Resolution 2004-299,
- 8 moved by Board Member Marin seconded by Board Member Mulé.
- 9 We'll substitute the previous roll call and put that one
- 10 on consent.
- 11 DEPUTY DIRECTOR SCHIAVO: Okay, Jill Simmons will
- 12 be presenting the final Item Q, I have Board Item 15. And
- 13 this is the biennial review findings for the large
- 14 metropolis of Trinidad, Humboldt County all 310 residents.
- 15 (Laughter.)
- MS. SIMMONS: Good afternoon, Chairman and
- 17 Committee Members. Trinidad is a small rural city with a
- 18 population of 310. The city is one of the smallest
- 19 reporting jurisdictions in the state. Every time disposal
- 20 tonnage changes by 9 tons. This impacts the diversion
- 21 rate by one percentage point.
- 22 The amount of material the city continues to
- 23 recycle has steadily increased. Some of the major
- 24 programs that have been implemented include a certified
- 25 centralized drop-off location that provides a convenient

129

- 1 recycling opportunity for residents as well as businesses,
- 2 and which continues to expand with each passing year.
- 3 Recycling containers were also purchased and
- 4 placed at 2 additional sites that tend to have a large
- 5 tourist population.
- 6 Buy-back and self-hauling opportunities are
- 7 available for recycling a whole host of material types at
- 8 2 transfer stations as well as a major community recycling
- 9 center. A local market collects and encourages area
- 10 businesses to recycling cardboard at their store.
- 11 As Steve Sorelle previously noted in his
- 12 presentation, the SB 2202 working group recommended that
- 13 rural jurisdictions be allowed to demonstrate AB 939
- 14 compliance by program implementation and effectiveness
- 15 instead of spending resources on fixing numerical issues.
- 16 Following this direction, staff recommends that
- 17 the Board find that the City of Trinidad has made a
- 18 good-faith effort in meeting diversion requirements. This
- 19 concludes my presentation. Board staff are available to
- 20 answer any questions.
- 21 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Any questions?
- 22 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: One quick one. How do
- 23 you go from 54 percent in the year 2000 to a minus 9
- 24 percent?
- 25 MS. SIMMONS: I know. I know. What was

- 1 discovered is that the Humboldt transfer station, they
- 2 were using zip codes to determine the origin of waste, and
- 3 that just wasn't an accurate way to determine origin of
- 4 waste, because that zip code also included residents from
- 5 the county area.
- 6 And then 2, there was a roofing project -- this
- 7 was specific to 2002, 2 roofing projects that came through
- 8 during their survey week. So being that 9 tons impacts
- 9 their diversion rate by 1 percentage point, it had a
- 10 significant impact.
- 11 So what's occurring now is that the Humboldt
- 12 Waste Management Authority and the City are working with
- 13 the transfer station to resolve these issues and in
- 14 looking at disposal tonnages for 2003 they're more in line
- 15 with what we've seen in previous years.
- 16 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Thank you.
- MS. SIMMONS: Sure.
- 18 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: All right.
- 19 COMMITTEE MEMBER MARIN: Move approval of Item
- 20 number 2004-300.
- 21 COMMITTEE MEMBER MULÉ: Second.
- 22 CHAIRPERSON PAPARIAN: Okay. It's been moved by
- 23 Board Member Marin seconded by Board Member Mulé. We'll
- 24 substitute the previous roll call and put that one on
- 25 consent.

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             I'm sure some of the consultants in the audience
 2 would love to maybe adopt little Trinidad as a client.
 3 They'd probably have to do it as a pro bone client. But
    you could probably have some good times up there.
             Is there any public comment?
 5
             Seeing none, this meeting is adjourned.
 6
             (Thereupon the California Integrated Waste
 7
             Management Board, Sustainability and Market
 8
 9
             Development Committee meeting adjourned
10
            at 12:30 p.m.)
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1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	I, JAMES F. PETERS, a Certified Shorthand
3	Reporter of the State of California, and Registered
4	Professional Reporter, do hereby certify:
5	That I am a disinterested person herein; that the
6	foregoing California Integrated Waste Management Board,
7	Sustainability and Market Development Committee meeting
8	was reported in shorthand by me, James F. Peters, a
9	Certified Shorthand Reporter of the State of California,
10	and thereafter transcribed into typewriting.
11	I further certify that I am not of counsel or
12	attorney for any of the parties to said meeting nor in any
13	way interested in the outcome of said meeting.
14	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand
15	this 22nd day of December, 2004.
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22	
23	JAMES F. PETERS, CSR, RPR
24	Certified Shorthand Reporter
25	License No. 10063